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HISTORICAL NEWS

From June 18 to September 17, the address of the managing editor of this journal will be "North Edgecomb, Maine". Telegrams and express parcels should be addressed "Wiscasset, Maine".

We venture to mention once more that the *Index* to volumes XI.–XX. of this journal (1905–1915) has been published, in a volume of 219 pages. It has been prepared with great care and fulness, and we should suppose it to be indispensable to all who make serious use of the volumes named. Paper-bound copies of this or of the preceding *Index* (to vols. I.–X.) may be obtained from the publishers, the Macmillan Company, 66 Fifth Avenue, New York, at the price of \$1.25; copies bound in black half-morocco, uniform with the regular bindings of the *Review*, may be had for \$1.75.

AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

Changes of address, whether permanent or temporary, for the sending of this journal to members of the American Historical Association should be sent to the secretary of the Association, 1140 Woodward Building, and not to the publishers.

The Report of the Committee of Nine, together with the action taken thereon by the Association at the last annual meeting, has been sent out in print to all members of the Association.

The Winsor prize essay for 1914, Miss Williams's Anglo-American Isthmian Diplomacy, 1815–1915, has been published. The Adams prize essay for 1915, Dr. Pease's The Leveller Movement, will be published late in the autumn.

Members of the Association are reminded of the advantage which may accrue to its treasury from a large increase of subscriptions to the *History Teacher's Magazine*, quite apart from the individual advantage coming to them from the receipt of that excellent journal.

PERSONAL

Dr. James B. Angell, president of the University of Michigan from 1871 to 1909, died on April 1, at the age of eighty-seven. He was president of the American Historical Association from 1891 to 1893, presiding at the Chicago meeting in July, 1893, and delivering an address on the Inadequate Recognition of Diplomatists by Historians. His eminence in the field of education is universally known. He was United States minister to China from 1880 to 1881 and to Turkey from 1897 to 1898.

His personal qualities were such that probably no man in the United States was regarded with so much affection by so many educated men.

Godefroid Kurth, professor of medieval history in the university of Liège and later director of the Belgian Historical Institute in Rome, died at Assche, Belgium, on January 4, 1916, aged sixty-eight years. He was the founder and editor of the Archives Belges, editor of volumes of documents, and member of the Belgian Royal Historical Commission and of the Belgian Royal Academy. His works included Les Origines de la Civilisation Moderne (1886), La Frontière Linguistique en Belgique (1896, 1898), Histoire Poétique des Mérovingiens (1893), Clovis (1896), and La Cité de Liège au Moyen Age (1909).

Maxime Kovalevsky, professor of public law in the University of Petrograd, died on April 5, 1916, aged sixty-five years. He was professor of public law in the University of Moscow from 1877 to 1887 when he was dismissed for political reasons and went to reside in western Europe, mainly in Paris, until the revolution of 1905-1906 made possible his acceptance of the chair in the University of Petrograd. His extensive researches in the history of institutions have borne fruit in volumes relating to the subject in nearly every country of Europe. Among his more important publications have been Law and Custom in the Caucasus (Russian, Moscow, 1890, 2 vols.); Tableau des Origines et de l'Évolution de la Famille et de la Propriété (French, Stockholm, 1890); Modern Customs and Ancient Law in Russia (London, 1891); Origins of Contemporary Democracy (Russian, Moscow, 1895 ff., 3 vols.); Political Institutions of Russia (Chicago, 1902); Economic Development of Europe to the Beginning of Capitalism (Russian, German translation, Berlin, 1901-1909, 4 vols.); and La France Économique et Sociale à la Veille de la Révolution (Paris, 1905-1909, 2 vols.).

Alfred Dove, professor emeritus of history in the University of Freiburg in Breisgau, died January 21, aged seventy-one years.

Professor William M. Sloane, Seth Low professor of history in Columbia University, retired from active service at the end of the academic year just concluded.

At Harvard University Dr. Charles H. McIlwain has been promoted to a professorship of history and government; Dr. Robert H. Lord to an assistant professorship of history. Dr. Edward E. Curtis has been appointed assistant professor of American history and government at Wellesley College; Dr. Clarence H. Haring of Bryn Mawr, assistant professor of history at Yale. Dr. Charles D. Hazen, formerly a professor in Smith College, has accepted an election as professor of European history in Columbia University. Mr. Seward P. Fox has been appointed assistant professor of history in New York University; Dr. Theodore H. Jack, now at Southern University, Greensborough, Alabama, profes-

sor of history in Emory University, Atlanta. Dr. W. L. Schurz has been given the position of assistant professor of Spanish-American history and institutions in the University of Michigan; Mr. J. D. Hicks, that of assistant professor of history in Hamline University. Dr. Marcus W. Jernegan, of the University of Chicago, has been promoted to the rank of associate professor of history; Dr. Eugene H. Byrne, instructor in history in the University of Wisconsin, to that of assistant professor; Dr. Charles W. Ramsdell, of the University of Texas, to that of associate professor of American history; Dr. Frank B. Marsh, of the same university, to that of adjunct professor of ancient history; Dr. Robert J. Kerner to that of assistant professor of history in the University of Missouri.

Dr. Thomas M. Marshall, who during the present year has been teaching in Stanford University, has been appointed associate professor of history in the University of Idaho.

In the programmes of the summer sessions of the various universities, the following extramural appointments are to be noted: Professor Frank A. Golder, of the State College of Washington, will teach at Boston University; Professors Carl Becker of Kansas (hereafter of Minnesota), Edward B. Krehbiel of Stanford, R. V. D. Magoffin of Johns Hopkins, and R. W. Rogers of Drew Theological Seminary, at Columbia University; Professor Bernadotte Schmitt, at New York University; Dr. James Sullivan, at Cornell; Dr. Daniel E. Knowlton, at Rutgers College; Professor W. S. Myers of Princeton, at the Johns Hopkins University; Professors J. M. McConnell of Davidson College and Walter Huffington of Goldsborough, at the University of Virginia; Professors W. K. Boyd of Trinity (N. C.), Eugene Fair of Kirksville, F. M. Fling of Nebraska, and George Petrie of the Alabama Polytechnic Institution, at the George Peabody College in Nashville; Professor Thomas M. Marshall, now of the University of Idaho, at the University of Texas; Professor W. L. Westermann of Wisconsin, at the University of Michigan; Professor L. M. Larson of Illinois, at the University of Wisconsin; Professors F. M. Anderson of Dartmouth and W. T. Laprade of Trinity (N. C.), at the University of Illinois; Professor E. C. Barker of Texas, at the University of Minnesota; Professor Frank H. Hodder of Kansas, at the University of Colorado; Professors Isaac J. Cox of Cincinnati, R. R. Hill of New Mexico, and Morris Jastrow of Pennsylvania, at the University of California.

Professor W. S. Robertson of the University of Illinois will be absent on leave during the year 1916–1917, and expects to spend most of his time in South America.

GENERAL

At a meeting held in New York on May 13, convened by Professor R. M. McElroy of Princeton, persons representing graduate instruction

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in history and political science in various universities resolved upon an effort to establish in Washington a house of residence for graduate students coming from time to time from various universities to Washington for temporary use of the great resources which the national capital presents for work in the studies named and in allied fields. A committee was appointed to perfect plans and it is expected that a beginning may be made next winter, with possibilities of ultimate expansion into an institution of wider value to advanced historical and political instruction throughout the country.

The contents of the April number of the History Teacher's Magazine include the following papers: Present Tendencies in Teaching Freshman History, by Professor A. B. Show; Changing Conceptions in History, by Professor D. C. Munro; an extended discussion, by Professor H. W. Caldwell, of the subject "How Teach the History of the West in American History"; and Mutual Opinions of North and South, 1851-1854, Contemporary Documents, contributed by Professor A. H. Sanford. In the May number are found: Some Relations between Archaeology and History, by Professor Ida C. Thallon of Vassar College; Increasing the Functional Value of History by the Use of the Problem Method of Presentation, by W. P. Webb; and the European Background for the High School Course in American History, by Professor I. J. Cox. The June number contains the following articles: the History of the Far East, a Neglected Field, by Professor K. S. Latourette; the Purchase of Louisiana, by Professor F. H. Hodder; and the groups of papers presented in connection with the conferences at Berkeley in July, 1915, and at Washington in December, 1915, upon the Definition of the Field of Secondary School History. The papers read at the Berkeley meeting, here printed, are by Professor G. L. Burr, Crystal Harford, E. J. Berringer, and J. R. Sutton; those read at the Washington conference are by Professors H. D. Foster, H. E. Bourne, and E. M. Violette, Miss Margaret McGill, and Dr. James Sulivan.

Attention should be called to the Subject Index to Periodicals which the Athenaeum of London is issuing at the request of the Council of the Library Association of the United Kingdom. The plan embraces some 400 periodicals, mostly English. The entire volume for 1915, comprising about 10,000 entries, has already been published.

Four Lectures on the Handling of Historical Material, by Professor L. F. Rushbrook Williams, is soon to appear from the press of Messrs. Longmans.

Professor Edward B. Krehbiel of Leland Stanford University is about to publish, through the Macmillan Company, a volume entitled *Nationalism*, *War*, and *Society*, being a study of nationalism, and its concomitant, war, in their relation to civilization, and of the fundamentals and the progress of the opposition to war.

Professors Albert Kocourek and John H. Wigmore of the Law School of Northwestern University have published, under the title Evolution of Law: Select Readings on the Origin and Development of Legal Institutions (Boston, Little, Brown, and Company, two vols., pp. xii, 704, xvii, 702). Of these, the first contains (a) passages out of early writings, from the Iliad to Njals Saga, relating to ancient and primitive law and institutions; (b) chapters of modern observations of retarded peoples, from sociologists and travellers; (c) translations of ancient and primitive laws and codes and records of legal transactions. The second volume consists of extracts, sometimes whole chapters, on primitive and ancient institutions from the authoritative works of twenty modern scholars.

The thirty-sixth volume of the Zeitschrift der Savigny-Stiftung für Rechtsgeschichte contains in the "Romanistische Abteilung", in addition to 60 pages of letters from Savigny to Georg Arnold Heise, the following articles: E. Levy, "Zur Lehre von den sog. Actiones Arbitrariae"; E. Weiss, "Zwei Bittschriften aus Lydien", relating to agricultural workers in the first century; A. Berger, "Miszellen aus der Interdiktenlehre"; P. Jörs, "Erzrichter und Chrematisten, zum Mahn- und Vollstreckungsverfahren im Griechisch-Römischen Aegypten"; E. Rabel, " Δίκη έξούλης und Verwandtes"; and H. Fitting, "Eine Summa Institutionum des Irnerius". The contents of the "Kanonistische Abteilung" include: A. Werminghoff, "Die Deutschen Reichskriegssteuergesetze von 1422-1427 und die Deutsche Kirche: ein Beitrag zur Geschichte des Vorreformatorischen Deutschen Staatskirchenrechtes"; J. Dorn, "Der Ursprung der Pfarreien und die Anfänge des Pfarrwahlrechts in Mittelalterlichen Köln: ein Beitrag zur Geschichte des Pfarrsystems in den Deutschen Bischofsstädten"; R. Schäfer, "Die Geltung des Kanonistischen Rechts in der Evangelischen Kirche Deutschlands von Luther bis zur Gegenwart"; and G. Schreiber, "Kirchliches Abgabenwesen an Französischen Eigenkirchen aus Anlass von Ordalien (Oblationes Campionum, Oblationes Pugilum, Oblationes Bellorum, Oblationes Judiciorum), zugleich ein Beitrag zur Gregorianisch-Kluniazensischen Reform und zur Geschichte und Liturgik der Traditionsnotizen". The articles in the "Germanistische Abteilung" are: A. Dopsch, "Westgotisches Recht im Capitulare de Villis"; W. von Brünneck, "Zur Geschichte der Gerichtsverfassung Elbings"; F. Matthäus, "Die Gesetzliche Verwandtenerbfolge des älteren Schwedischen Rechts"; A. Werminghoff, "Zum Fünften Kapitel der Goldenen Bulle von 1356"; H. von Voltelini, "Königsbannleihe und Blutbannleihe"; and M. Krammer, "Die Ursprüngliche Gestalt und Bedeutung der Titel De Filtorto und De Vestigio Minando des Salischen Gesetzes".

The April issue of the *Harvard Law Review*, a commemorative number in honor of the seventy-fifth birthday of Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, among other worthy contributions contains "Cosmopolitan Cus-

tom and International Law", by Sir Frederick Pollock, and "Montesquieu and Sociological Jurisprudence", by Professor Engen Ehrlich of Czernowitz.

Recent issues in the series Les Saints are U. Beaufreton, Sainte Claire d'Assise, 1194-1253 (Paris, Lecoffre, 1916, pp. 204); and Demimuid, Saint Jean de la Croix, 1542-1591 (ibid., pp. viii, 210).

A welcome addition to the history of science is Professor George A. Miller's *Historical Introduction to Mathematical Literature*, published by Messrs. Macmillan.

Professor Harold N. Fowler of Western Reserve University has prepared, and the Macmillan Company has published, A History of Sculpture, presenting a history of that art from its beginnings in Egypt and Babylonia to the present day, with many illustrations.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Viscount Bryce, Religion as a Factor in the History of Empires (Journal of Roman Studies, V. 1).

ANCIENT HISTORY

General review: G. Glotz, *Histoire Grecque*, 1911–1914, III. (Revue Historique, May).

The Egypt Exploration Fund has published the eleventh part of the Oxyrhynchus Papyri (1915), edited with translations and notes by B. P. Grenfell and A. S. Hunt. The third number of K. Sethe's Hieroglyphische Urkunden der Griechisch-Römischen Zeit (Leipzig, Hinrichs, 1916) contains historical and biographical materials from the reigns of Ptolemy Soter and Ptolemy Epiphanes. A. Stein has published Untersuchungen zur Geschichte und Verwaltung Aegyptens unter Römischer Herrschaft (Stuttgart, Metzler, 1915). The five parts hitherto issued of Dr. W. Wreszinski, Atlas zur Altägyptischen Kulturgeschichte (Leipzig, Hinrichs, 1915), promise a work rich in illustrative materials.

The Macmillan Company publishes *The Archaeology of the Holy Land*, by Mr. P. S. P. Handcock, formerly assistant in the department of Egyptian and Assyrian antiquities in the British Museum. The author concerns himself little with the mere record of excavations but deals rather with questions of interpretation and with the reconstruction of ancient civilization in Palestine from the earliest recorded times.

Two important essays in Greek history have been published by Paul Cloché: La Restauration Démocratique à Athènes en 403 av. J.-C. and Étude Chronologique sur la Troisième Guerre Sacrée, 356-346 av. J.-C. (Paris, Leroux, 1916). There is also a recent volume of Studî di Storia Macedonica sino a Filippo (Pisa, tip. Toscana, 1915).

Among the volumes of the *Loeb Classical Library* which it is intended to issue during 1916, the following are historical: volumes IV. and V. of Dio Cassius, volume IV. of Plutarch, Procopius, Strabo, and Xenophon.

La Violence en Droit Criminel Romain (Paris, Plon, 1915, pp. 361, reviewed by J. Toutain, Revue Historique, May) is a useful contribution to the history of Roman law by a young Rumanian scholar, J. Coroï.

Mr. E. S. Bouchier, in *Syria as a Roman Province* (Oxford, Blackwell, pp. 312), has studied with care both the political and the social history of the region.

F. Vollmer has collected from the *Corpus* and its supplements, and from newer sources, the *Inscriptiones Bavariae Romanae sive Inscriptiones Provinciae Raetiae*, adiectis aliquot Noricis Italicisque (Munich, Franz, 1915, pp. vii, 253).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: W. Schwenzner, Zum Altbabylonischen Wirtschaftsleben, Studien über Wirtschaftsbetrieb, Preise, Darlehen, und Agrarverhältnisse (Mitteilungen der Vorderasiatischen Gesellschaft, XIX. 3); A. Brinkmann, Die Olympische Chronik (Rheinisches Museum, LXX. 4); F. Hornstein, Komposition und Herausgabe der Xenophontischen Memorabilien (Wiener Studien, XXXVI., XXXVII. 1); L. Homo, Flamininus et la Politique Romaine en Grèce, 198-194 av. J.-C. (Revue Historique, March, May); M. L. Strack, Kleopatra (Historische Zeitschrift, CXV. 3); W. Otto, Die Nobilität der Kaiserzeit (Hermes, LI. 1); K. Bihlmeyer, Die "Syrischen" Kaiser: Karakalla, Elagabal, Severus Alexander, und das Christentum, IV., concl. (Theologische Quartalschrift, XCVII. 3); Ida C. Thallon, The Roman Fort at Ambleside (Art and Archaeology, April).

EARLY CHURCH HISTORY

General review: H. Windisch, Leben und Lehre Jesu (Theologische Rundschau, XIX. 1).

The new life of *Jesus* (Tübingen, Mohr, 1916), by Professor Paul Wernle of Basel, combines scholarship with a readable style.

Professor A. von Harnack has issued a third, revised and enlarged edition of *Die Mission und Ausbreitung des Christentums in den ersten drei Jahrhunderten* (Leipzig, Hinrichs, 1915).

Monsignor U. Benigni has issued the second part of the second volume of his Storia Sociale della Chiesa (Milan, Vallardi, 1915, pp. vii, 413), which concludes the narrative to the close of the western empire.

Father Mesnage, who is already known for his writings on Roman Africa, has published Le Christianisme en Afrique (Paris, 1915). The

first volume deals with the origin, development, and extension of the Church in Africa; the second, with the decline and extinction; and the third, with the Church in the Mohammedan times.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: K. Beth, Gibt es Buddhistische Einflüsse in den Kanonischen Evangelien? (Theologische Studien und Kritiken, March); A. von Harnack, Die Ausgabe der Griechischen Kirchenväter der drei ersten Jahrhunderte: Bericht über die Tätigkeit der Kommission, 1891–1915 (Sitzungsberichte der K. Preussischen Akademie, 1916, VI.); E. Sachau, Die Chronik von Arbela: ein Beitrag zur Kenntnis des ältesten Christentums im Orient (Abhandlungen der K. Preussischen Akademie, 1915, VI., pp. 94); P. Corssen, Das Martyrium des Bischofs Cyprian, III., IV. (Zeitschrift für die Neutestamentliche Wissenschaft, XVI. 1, 3).

MEDIEVAL HISTORY

After dealing in his first two volumes with the period of antiquity, Pierre Duhem has discussed the medieval period in the third volume of his Le Système du Monde, Histoire des Doctrines Cosmologiques de Platon à Copernic (Paris, Hermann, 1915, pp. 539, reviewed by A. Fliche, Revue Historique, May). The extensive researches of the author have enabled him to present a wealth of new and valuable data.

Sir Thomas Graham Jackson has in *Byzantine and Romanesque* Architecture (Cambridge University Press) given an account of the spread of post-Roman architecture throughout Europe from the fourth to the twelfth century. The text is illuminated by 165 plates and 148 other illustrations.

Three small collections of canons, antedating Gratian, are edited by P. Fournier in *Un Groupe de Recueils Canoniques Italiens des Xº et XIº Siècles* (Paris, Imp. Nationale, 1915, pp. 123), published in the *Mémoires de l'Académie des Inscriptions et Belles-Lettres* (vol. XL.).

H. Schrörs, in his *Untersuchungen zu dem Streite Kaiser Friedrichs I. mit Papst Hadrian IV.*, 1157–1158 (Berlin, Springer, 1916), deals with the relations between Barbarossa and the only English pope.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: F. Kern, Ueber die Mittelalterliche Anschauung vom Recht (Historische Zeitschrift, CXV. 3); R. Eberstadt, Das Aufsteigen des Handwerkerstandes im Mittelalter (Schmollers Jahrbuch, XXXIX. 4); J. B. Sägmüller, Die Papstwahl durch das Kardinalkolleg als Prototyp der Bischofswahl durch das Domkapitel (Theologische Quartalschrift, XCVII. 3); A. Mathis, Il Pontefice Benedetto IX., Appunti Critici di Storia Medioevale (Civiltà Cattolica, December 4, February 5, March 4); G. Schütte, Die Quellen der Ptolemäischen Karten von Nordeuropa (Beiträge zur Geschichte der Deutschen Sprache und Literatur, XLI. 1).

MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY

P. F. Alexander has reprinted original narratives of the voyages of Frobisher, Davis, Hudson, and Barents in *The North-west and North-east Passages*, 1576–1611 (Cambridge, University Press, 1915, pp. xix, 211).

The Macmillan Company will publish during the summer a volume on *Economic and Social Europe*, 1750–1915, by Professor Frederic A. Ogg of the University of Wisconsin.

E. Pacheco y de Leyva has published, under the auspices of the Spanish school in Rome, El Conclave de 1774 a 1775, Acción de las Cortes Católicas en la Supresión de la Compañia de Jesús, según Documentos Españoles (Madrid, Imp. Clásica, 1915, pp. ccxxvii, 577).

The Histoire Politique et Sociale, Évolution du Monde Moderne, 1815-1915, by Driault and Monod, has been brought down to date in a sixth edition (Paris, Alcan, 1916).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. Gentile, Il Concetto dell' Uomo nel Rinascimento (Giornale Storico della Letteratura Italiana, LXVII. 1); G. Monod, La Réforme Catholique au XIVe Siècle (Revue Historique, March); J. Mathorez, La Pénétration des Allemands en France sous l'Ancien Régime (Revue des Études Historiques, January); Politicus, The Teachings of the Napoleonic War (Fortnightly Review, 1916); J. Kühn, Bismarck und der Bonapartismus im Winter 1870–1871 (Preussische Jahrbücher, January); D. C. Gilman, Letters from Russia during the Crimean War (Yale Review, April); G. T. Warner, Two Great Blockades: their Aims and Effects (Blackwood's Magazine, April).

THE GREAT WAR

M. Grolig, a Vienna librarian, has started the publication of an Archiv für Geschichte und Literatur des Weltkrieges, which will appear bi-monthly.

Publications to the end of 1915 are listed in Catalogue: Publications sur la Guerre, 1914–1915 (Paris, Cercle de la Librairie, 1916). The Revue Historique has steadily rendered commendable service by brief but prompt reviews of the more important items of war literature of historical value appearing in French, and also to a less extent in other languages. The initials of Professors Bémont and Pfister are a guarantee of the character of most of these brief notices.

The Süddeutsche Monatshefte continues to devote its successive numbers to articles on special topics relating to the war, as indicated by the titles of the respective numbers: Kriegsziele (December), Skandinavien (January), Ostjuden (February), and Kriegsgefangene (March).

Documents to February 15, 1916, appear in the ninth volume of Guerre de 1914: Documents Officiels, Textes Législatifs et Réglementaires (Paris, Dalloz, 1916); and to August 31, 1915, in the second volume of Législation de la Guerre de 1914-1915: Lois, Décrets, Arrêtés Ministériels, et Circulaires Ministérielles (Paris, Tenin, 1915). Ardouin-Dumazet contributes a modicum of text to La Guerre: Documents de la Section Photographique de l'Armée (Ministère de la Guerre) which appears in bi-weekly parts of 24 plates each, published by Colin of Paris.

Additional documentary materials are collected in P. Fauchille, La Guerre de 1914: Recueil de Documents intéressant le Droit International (Paris, Pedone, 1916), of which the first volume contains 379 documents relating to both belligerents and neutrals; in C. Junker, Dokumente zur Geschichte des Europäischen Krieges, 1914–1915, mit besonderer Berücksichtigung von Oesterreich-Ungarn und Deutschland (Vienna, Perels, 1915, pp. viii, 304) of which the first volume relates to July, 1914; and in E. Buchner, Kriegsdokumente: der Weltkrieg 1914 in der Darstellung der Zeitgenössischen Presse (Munich, Langen, 1915), of which two parts have appeared.

The historian Guglielmo Ferrero has written La Guerre Européenne (Paris, Payot, 1916), dealing with the causes and motives. S. Pérez Triana, of Argentina, has presented some interesting observations in Some Aspects of the War (London, Unwin, 1915, pp. 225). From the German side the problems are further discussed by Paul Rohrbach in Zum Weltvolk hindurch! (Stuttgart, Engelhorn, 1915, pp. 103), containing articles written on the eve of the war; Hugo Preuss, Das Deutsche Volk und die Politik (Jena, Diederichs, 1915, pp. 199); Heinrich Gomperz. Philosophie des Krieges in Umrissen (Gotha, Perthes, 1915, pp. xvi, 252). From the pens of well-known Frenchmen come E. Hovelague, Les Causes Profondes de la Guerre: Allemagne-Angleterre (Paris, Alcan, 1915, pp. viii, 120); J. Finot, Civilisés contre Allemands, la Grande Croisade (Paris, Flammarion, 1915); Ernest Leroux, France et Allcmagne, les Deux Cultures (Paris, Leroux, 1915, pp. 47); and G. Blondel, L'Épuisement de l'Allemagne et le Devoir Actuel de la France (Paris, Tenin, 1915).

How Europe Armed for War, by J. T. Walton Newbold (London, Blackfriars Press, pp. 108) is a history of the armament of European powers.

A solid contribution to the European history preceding the late war is *Nationalism and War in the Near East*, by "a Diplomatist", edited by Lord Courtney of Penwith and published by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. In addition to the narrative the volume contains many comments embodying the author's speculations as to the future and theories as to the effects of race and religion in the past.

The number of accounts of the early months of the war continues to increase. Among the more worthy ones belonging to this class are In the Field, by Marcel Dupont (Heinemann), and The First Seven Divisions, by Lord Ernest William Hamilton (Hurst and Blackett).

German memoirs and accounts of campaigns include O. Kerler, Sieben Monate in den Vogesen, in Flandern, und in der Champagne (Munich, Beck, 1916, pp. 139), composed of letters written up to his death in March, 1915; Mit unseren Mörsern gegen West und Ost, aus dem Kriegstagebuch eines Bataillonskommandeurs (Berlin, Mittler, 1916, pp. iv, 116); W. Feldmann, Mit der Heeresgruppe des Prinzen Leopold von Bayern nach Weissrussland hinein, Kriegsberichte (Munich, Beck, 1916, pp. 119); H. Schulz, Zwischen Weichsel und Dniester (Munich, Müller, 1915, pp. viii, 318), which is the first volume of Der Oesterreichisch-Ungarische Krieg in Feldpostbriefen; and R. Sommer, Die Schwarze Garde, Kriegserlebnisse eines Freiwilligen Automobilisten in Russland, 1914–1915 (Berlin, Mittler, 1916, pp. 178). A. Fraccaroli, La Presa di Leopoli [Lemberg] e la Guerra Austro-Russa in Galizia (Milan, Treves, 1915, pp. 292) may also be mentioned.

Consideration of the colonial problems related to the present war is the object of V. Valentin, Kolonialgeschichte der Neuzeit (Tübingen, Mohr, 1915); Carl Peters, Afrikanische Köpfe: Charakterskizzen aus der Neueren Geschichte Afrikas (Berlin, Ullstein, 1915, pp. 268); and H. Hauser, Le Problème Colonial (Paris, Chapelot, 1915). Some chapters of the colonial phases of the war are recorded in Moore Ritchie, With Botha in the Field (London, Longmans, 1915, pp. xii, 68), and in Der Heldenkampf unserer Kolonien, nach den Amtlichen Mitteilungen des Reichs-Kolonial-Amts zusammengestellt (Berlin, Boll and Pickardt, 1915), of which two parts have been published.

French reminiscences of war experiences, of varied sorts as the titles indicate, are appearing: C. Prieur, De Dixmude à Nicuport: Journal de Campagne d'un Officier de Fusiliers Marins, Octobre 1914-Mai 1915 (Paris, Perrin, 1916); P. Lintier, Avec une Batterie de 75, ma Pièce, Souvenirs d'un Cannonier, 1914 (Paris, Plon, 1916); Lettres de Prêtres aux Armées (Paris, Payot, 1916) compiled by V. Bucaille; J. Variot, La Croix des Carmes: Documents sur les Combattants du Bois le Prêtre (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1916); Mgr. Tissier, bishop of Chalons, La Guerre en Champagne au Diocèse de Chalons, Septembre 1914-Septembre 1915 (Paris, Téqui, 1916, pp. 498), containing records supplied by his clergy; L. Wastelier du Parc, Souvenirs d'un Réfugié: Douai, Lille, Paris, Boulogne-sur-Mer, 1914-1915 (Paris, Perrin, 1916); J. Breton, À l'Arrière: Souvenirs d'un Non-Combattant (Paris, Delagrave, 1916); L. Blanchin, Chez Eux: Souvenirs de Guerre et de Captivité (ibid.).

Comte de Caix de Saint-Aymour has written a thorough account of La Marche sur Paris de l'Aile Droite Allemande, 26 Août-4 Septembre

1014 (Paris, Charles-Lavauzelle, 1916); and the Belgian minister Comte F. de Jehay has published an account of L'Invasion du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg en Août 1914 (Paris, Perrin, 1916).

G. Crouvezier had to meet promptly the demand for a second and enlarged edition of L'Aviation pendant la Guerre (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1916).

The antecedents of the Italian participation in the war are discussed in G. A. Borgese, Italia e Germania (Milan, Treves, 1915, pp. xliv, 343); G. Bruccoleri, Da Conflitto Europeo alla Nostra Guerra, Diario di un Giornalista, Agosto 1914-Giugno 1915 (Rome, tip. ed. Italia, 1915, pp. 268); I. Reggio, Storia della Grande Guerra d'Italia (Milan, Istituto Editoriale Italiano, 1915, vols. I.-IV.); and J. Baisini, Il Trentino dinanzi all' Europa (Milan, Antonini, 1915, pp. xxviii, 431).

In L'Opinion Italienne et l'Intervention de l'Italie dans la Guerre Actuelle (Paris, Champion, 1916, pp. 105) Professor Gabriel Maugain of the University of Grenoble has endeavored to make a dispassionate historical study of the subject. He has used freely the newspapers and periodicals of Italy, France, and Germany, as well as other sources. After a few introductory pages he presents systematically the several arguments and motives of the neutralisti, and then enumerates the several classes of the population who were of that mind and the considerations affecting their respective attitudes. In turn similar methods are followed in studying the interventisti and their motives. The concluding chapter deals with the Salandra ministry and its handling of the crisis. Though perhaps neither complete nor conclusive, the volume is in both method and results one of more than momentary or partizan value.

Henri Hauvette, professor of Italian literature at the Sorbonne, has written the preface to a volume, L'Italie ct la Guerre d'après les Témoignages de ses Hommes d'État (Paris, Colin, 1916, pp. xii, 144), composed of translations of six addresses delivered between June 2, 1915, and February 20, 1916, by Premier Salandra and his colleagues Sonnino, Barzilaï, and Orlando, and by the ambassador to France, Signor Tittoni. These addresses furnish a substantially official explanation of Italy's reasons for entering the war on the side of the allies, and of the problems which Italy faces in the conduct of the war.

Another account of the Turkish phase of the war is contained in Les Compagnons de l'Aventure: Dardanelles, Égée, Salonique, Méditerranée (Paris, Attinger, 1916) by André Tudesq.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: M. Hoschiller, L'Union de l'Europe Centrale (Revue de Paris, March 15, April 15); Otto, Graf Moltke, Ucber die im Kriege wirksamen Kräfte (Preussische Jahrbücher, February); G. Blanchon, La Guerre qui se transforme sous nos Yeux (Revue

des Deux Mondes, April 15); General Malleterre, Les Opérations de la Guerre en 1914, II., De Charleroi à la Marne (Revue des Sciences Politiques, February 15); M. Genevoix, Les Jours de la Marne (Revue de Paris, April 15); J. Songy, De Champagne en Artois, Journal de Marche (Revue des Deux Mondes, April 1); A. Augustin-Thierry, Onze Mois de Captivité en Allemagne, Souvenirs d'un Ambulancier (ibid., February 15, March 1); M. Markovitch, Tableaux du Front Russe de Galicie, Décembre, 1915 (ibid., March 1); G. Lacour-Gayet, Deux Mois en Russie et dans les Pays Scandinaves (Revue Hebdomadaire, April 1); B. Pares, Au Jour le Jour avec l'Armée Russe (Revue de Paris, March 15); Jeanne Antelme, Avec l'Armée d'Orient: Notes d'une Infirmière à Moudros (Revue des Deux Mondes, April 15); H. G. Dwight, The Campaign in Western Asia (Yale Review, April); Contre-Amiral Degouy, L'Efficacité du Canal de Kiel (Revue de Paris, February 1); ibid., Le Nouveau Blocus (Revue des Deux Mondes, February 15); P. Cloarec, La Guerre sur Mer (Revue des Sciences Politiques, February 15); R. La Bruyère, La Part de la Marine Marchande dans l'Oeuvre de Défense Nationale (Revue des Deux Mondes, March 15).

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

The Historical Association has adopted as its organ the journal called *History*, has given it a new character, and with the number for April, 1916, has begun a "new series", under the editorship of Professor A. F. Pollard. In the contents of the new journal the teaching of history takes the foremost place. There are brief articles by Sir Charles Lucas on the teaching of imperial history, by Mr. Julian Corbett and Mr. H. W. Hodges on the teaching of naval history, and a controversial article on History and Science by Professor Pollard. There are reviews of books, notes, and news. The contents are of high quality and of practical value. Macmillan and Company are the publishers.

A series of articles contributed to Social England by Professors Maitland and Montague has been gathered together by Professor James F. Colby and published by Messrs. Putnam under the title A Sketch of English Legal History. The eight articles included give, in non-technical terms, views of the legal situation in England at eight periods in her history.

The Royal Historical Society has in preparation a fourth volume of the Nicholas Papers, and the Estate Book of Henry of Bray, Harlestone, Northants, 1289–1340.

Beatrice Adelaide Lee's Alfred the Great, the Truth Teller: Maker of England, 848-899 (Putnam, pp. xv, 493) is a readable volume executed with much care.

The Chronicles of Thomas Sprott, a Benedictine chronicler of Canter-

bury in the later thirteenth century, by Walter Sage, constitutes the April number of the *Bullctin* of the departments of history and political science in Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario.

John Wycliffe, John Wesley, and John Henry Newman form the subject of the studies by Dr. S. Parkes Cadman entitled *Three Religious Leaders of Oxford and their Movements* (Macmillan). Another religious leader is studied by Dr. Ezra S. Tipple in *Francis Asbury: the Prophet of the Long Road*, published by the Methodist Book Concern.

The Record Society of St. Patrick's College at Maynooth has published (Dublin, M. H. Gill, pp. 290) *The Flight of the Earls* (of Tyrone and Tyrconnel, in 1607), edited by Rev. Paul Walsh from the manuscript of the author, Tadlig O Cianáin, an eye-witness.

Professor P. Hume Brown has ably edited as vol. XI. of the second series of the Scottish History Society Letters relating to Scotland in the Reign of Queen Anne, by James Ogilvy, first earl of Seafield, and others. The majority of the letters were written by Lord Seafield, while chancellor of Scotland, to Godolphin, between the years 1702 and 1707.

Volumes III. and IV. of *Historical Portraits* (Oxford University Press) extend from George I. to Sir Ralph Abercromby, 1700–1800, and from Horatio Nelson to John Murray, 1800 to 1840. As in the earlier volumes there is an introduction by C. F. Bell.

The Historical Manuscripts Commission has published vol. IX. of the *Report on the Manuscripts of J. B. Fortescue*, covering the years 1807 to 1809.

The Widowhood of Queen Victoria by Clare Jerrold (Nash) continues that author's popular account of the life of the queen, earlier volumes of which were The Early Court of Queen Victoria and The Married Life of Queen Victoria.

Volume IV. of Mr. G. E. Buckle's (Monypenny's) *Life of Disraeli*, extending to the year 1868, when he became prime minister, has recently appeared.

The Anarchy before the Outbreak is the title of the first volume of A History of Britain during the Great War: a Study of a Democracy at War (London, the Ridd Massom Company, 1915, pp. viii, 280). C. Castre has described L'Angleterre et la Guerre (Paris, Didier, 1915); A. Hettner has discussed Englands Weltherrschaft und der Krieg (Leipzig, Teubner, 1915, pp. v, 269), and several writers have contributed to Das Englische Gesicht, England in Kultur, Wirtschaft, und Geschichte (Berlin, Ullstein, 1915, pp. 251).

Volume V. of the *Historical Records of Australia*, Governor's Dispatches to and from England, extends from July, 1804, to August, 1806 (Sydney, Parliament, 1915, pp. 925).

British government publications: Calendar of State Papers, Colonial, 1704–1705, ed. Cecil Headlam.

Other documentary publications: Walsall Records, 1248-1364 (British Museum); Year-Books of Edward II., vol. XI., 5 Edward II., 1311-1312, ed. W. C. Ballard (Selden Society); Public Works, in Mediaeval Law, vol. I. (Selden Society); Records of the Worshipful Company of Carpenters, III., Court Book, 1533-1573, ed. Bower Marsh (the Company).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: A. Brandl, Zur Geographie der Altenglischen Dialekte (Abhandlungen der K. Preussischen Akademie, 1915, IV., pp. 77); G. B. Adams, The Origin of English Equity (Columbia Law Review, February); A. W. Johnston, Scottish Influence on Orkney (Scottish Historical Review, April); Theodora Keith, Municipal Elections in the Royal Burghs of Scotland, II., From the Union to the Passing of the Scottish Burgh Reform Bill in 1833 (Scottish Historical Review, April).

FRANCE

General reviews: L. Halphen, Histoire de France, Époque Franque et des Capétiens Directs (Revue Historique, March); H. Froidevaux, Histoire Coloniale de la France depuis l'Époque de Napoléon I. (Revue des Études Napoléoniennes, May).

M. Clerc has compiled an elaborate volume on Aquae Sextiae, Histoire d'Aix-en-Provence dans l'Antiquité (Aix, Dragon, 1916, pp. vii, 576).

Recent contributions to French ecclesiastical biography are Scheler, Sitten und Bildung der Französischen Geistlichkeit nach den Briefen Stephans von Tournai (Berlin, Ebering, 1915), and H. Le Floch, Claude François Poullart des Places, Fondateur du Séminaire et de la Congrégation du Saint-Esprit, 1679–1709 (new ed., Paris, Lethielleux, 1915, pp. xvi, 670). The Religieuses de Sainte-Marie de Fontevrault de Boulaur, now located at Vera in Navarre, are publishing a Histoire de l'Ordre de Fontevrault, 1100–1908, of which the third volume (Auch, Cocharaux, 1915, pp. xii, 360) is devoted to the three priories of Boulaur, Chemillé, and Brioude.

A. Dussert has published his thesis on Les États de Dauphiné aux XIVe et XVe Siècles (Grenoble, Allier, 1915, pp. xix, 371).

The French Renascence, by Dr. Charles Sarolea, is a series of sketches of French personalities, both literary and historical.

The second volume of H. Bremond, Histoire Littéraire du Sentiment Religieux en France (Paris, Bloud and Gay, 1916), deals with L'Invasion Mystique, 1590–1620.

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The opening phase of the present war suggested to M. Poëte a similar episode in the Thirty Years' War, which he has recounted in *Une Première Manifestation d'Union Sacrée, Paris devant la Menace Étrangère en 1636* (Paris, Perrin, 1916, pp. viii, 355).

E. Oberbohren has contributed to the history of economic theory in France Die Idee der Universalökonomie in der Französischen Wirtschaftswissenschaftlichen Literatur bis auf Turgot (Jena, Fischer, 1915).

In Mr. Hilaire Belloc's Last Days of the French Monarchy (Chapman and Hall) is a vivid account of four episodes in the history of Louis XVI.'s last days.

Apparently Revolutionary personages are becoming favorite subjects for women biographers. The latest evidence is Käthe Hilt's thesis on Camille Desmoulins: seine Politische Gesinnung und Parteistellung (Berlin, Ebering, 1916).

Professor Albert Mathiez of the University of Besançon combines with thorough scholarship an intense belief in the Revolution. characteristics mark La Victoire en l'An II.: Esquisses Historiques sur la Défense Nationale (Paris, Alcan, 1916, pp. 286). The volume breathes a fervent nationalism and its vigorous and impassioned style declares its immediate patriotic intent. The presentation of facts reveals the scholar's wealth of information and keen insight into the forces of the great movement of national defense. The volume makes easily accessible for the first time a description of the military system of 1793. The royal army, the national guard, the volunteers, the levy of the 300,000, and finally the equitable democratic measure of the levee en masse are described. Then follow admirable accounts of Dubois-Crancé's famous amalgam and of the equipment and supply of the army. The political side is studied in chapters on the relations to the army of the Convention, of the Committee of Public Safety, and of the deputies on mission to the armies, and especially on the work of Carnot and on the spirit of the army. The author insists that the victory was popular and democratic in origin and achievement and not due to tyrannical authority exercised by the Great Committee. "La démocratie révolutionnaire", he concludes, "triompha du vieux monde parce qu'elle en était la négation".

The Third French Republic, by C. H. C. Wright, is published by the Houghton Mifflin Company.

Twenty collaborators have produced a survey of *Un Demi-Siècle de Civilisation Française*, 1870–1915 (Paris, Hachette, 1916), which will supplement Rambaud's well-known volumes, besides meeting a present popular demand.

A history of L'État de Siège en France (Paris, Jouve, 1915, pp. 137) is a Paris law thesis by J. Plémeur.

Magali-Boismard has described an unusual phase of the colonial portion of the present war in L'Alerte au Désert: la Vie Saharienne pendant la Guerre, 1914–1916 (Paris, Perrin, 1916).

The present French phase of the problem of the conduct of war by a democracy is discussed in *Notre Parlementarisme et la Défense Nationale en 1914* (Paris, Figuière, 1914, pp. 360), by Lieutenant-Colonel Debon.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: B. Krusch, Die Neueste Wendung im Genovefa-Streit, II. (Neues Archiv, XL. 2); E. Müller, Beiträge zu Urkunden Ludwigs des Frommen (ibid., XL. 2); G. Jean-Aubry, Un Précurseur de l'Entente Cordiale, Saint-Évremond, 1616-1703 (Revue de Paris, April 15); C. Perroud, La Société Française des Amis des Noirs (La Révolution Française, March); G. Rouanet, Danton et la Mort de Louis XVI. d'après Théodore Lameth (Annales Révolutionnaires, January); A. Mathiez, Les Arrêtés de Robespierre Jeune dans sa Mission de Franche-Comté (ibid.); P. Gaffarel, Second Proconsulat de Fréron à Marseille, 31 Octobre 1795-22 Mars 1796, I. (La Révolution Française, March); P. Sagnac, L'Organisation Française et la Réunion des Pays Rhénans, 1797-1802 (Revue des Études Napoléoniennes, March); A. Blanqui, Souvenirs d'un Lycéen de 1814, I. (Revue de Paris, April 15); F. Masson, La Proscription des Napoléonides, Joseph aux États-Unis, 1815-1821 (ibid., March 15); H. Duval, Documents pour servir à l'Histoire des Sociétés Populaires, 1830-1848 (La Révolution de 1848, January); A. Schaffer, Louis Adolphe Thiers (Sewanee Review, April); G. K. Anton, Frankreichs Koloniale Entwicklung unter der Dritten Republik (Internationale Monatsschrift, June 1, 1915).

ITALY, SPAIN, AND PORTUGAL

General review: C. Rinaudo, Risorgimento Italiano (Rivista Storica Italiana, April).

In the Heeren-Ukert-Lamprecht series, Dr. L. M. Hartmann has brought out the volume for the period of the Ottos in his *Geschichte Italiens im Mittelalter* (Gotha, Perthes, 1915).

- E. Pandiani, Vita Privata Genovese nel Rinascimento (Genoa, Sambolino, 1915, pp. 411); A. De Pellegrini, Genti d'Arme della Repubblica di Venezia, i Condottieri Porcia e Brugnero, 1495–1797 (Udine, Del Bianco, 1915, pp. 320), and P. Molmenti, Sebastiano Veniero dopo la Battaglia di Lepanto (Venice, Ferrari, 1915, pp. 157) are recent studies in the history of Venice and Genoa since the Renaissance.
- F. Malaguzzi-Valeri, who gave a general account of *La Corte di Lodovico il Moro* in his first volume, has in the second volume (Milan, Hoepli, 1915, pp. 646) given his attention entirely to the history of art. The extended study of the careers of Bramante and Leonardo da Vinci is supplemented by about 700 illustrations.

L. Rava has given an account of Il Primo Parlamento Elettivo in Italia, il Parlamento della Repubblica Cispadana a Bologna, Aprile-Maggio 1797 (Bologna, Gamberini, 1915, pp. 68); and has told the sequel in Le Prime Persecuzioni Austriache in Italia, i Deportati Politici Cisalpini del Dipartimento del Rubicone ai Lavori Forzati in Ungheria e alla Tombe di Schenico, 1799–1800 (Bologna, Zanichelli, 1915, pp. 176). Similar to the latter is I Martiri e i perseguitati Politici di Terra di Bari nel 1799 (Bari, Pansini, 1915, pp. viii, 585), by G. De Ninno.

The publication of Il "Libro d'Oro" della Repubblica di San Marino (Foligno, Campitelli) is announced for the near future. The work has been compiled chiefly by Professors O. Fattori and P. Franciosi and by the Marquis De Liveri di Valdausa. The volume will contain a general historical sketch, accounts of the several departments of government, lists of holders of important offices, sketches of prominent personages, etc.

Another history of La Compagnia di Gesù in Sicilia, 1814-1914 (Palermo, Boccone, 1915, 2 vols., pp. xviii, 300; 304) while anonymous is apparently the work of a member of the order. A. Giangrande, in Papa c Santa Sede nella Storia, nel Diritto, e nella Legge delle Guarentigic (Rome, tip. ed. Romana, 1916, pp. 100), considers a question which is now much under discussion in Italy. C. Belleaigue has published a volume of notes and souvenirs on Pie X. et Rome, 1903-1914 (Paris, Nouvelle Librairie Nationale, 1916). Father Antonio de Barcelona is the author of El Cardenal Vives y Tuto, de la Orden de Frailes Menores Capuchinos (Barcelona, Gili, 1916, pp. xvi, 515).

E. Fabbri, Sei Anni e Due Mesi della mia Vita, Memorie e Documenti Incditi (Rome, Bontempelli, 1915, pp. xii, 544), is edited by N. Trovanelli. A volume of the Discorsi Parlamentari of Giovanni Bovio (Rome, tip. della Camera dei Deputati, 1915, pp. 524) has been published.

General Burguete has investigated the first phase of the Christian reconquest of Spain in Rectificaciones Históricas, de Guadelupe á Covadonga, y Primer Siglo de la Reconquista de Asturias, Ensayo de un Nuevo Método de Investigación e Instrumento de Comprobaciones para cl Estudio de la Historia (Madrid, Imp. Helénica, 1915, pp. 321).

At the beginning of the fourteenth century, Aragon seemed about to become a great Mediterranean power. One of the persons who extended Aragonese activities into Greece and the Levant was the prince whose career is recounted in *Contribució a la Biografía de l'Infant Ferràn de Mallorca* (Barcelona, Massó, 1915, pp. 102), by A. Rubió i Lluch, as a portion of volume VIII. of *Estudis Universitaris Catalans*.

H. E. Rohde has edited the posthumous work of Klüpfel on the Verwaltungsgeschichte des Königreichs Aragon zu Ende des 13. Jahrhunderts (Stuttgart, Kohlhammer, 1915).

The first volume of Contribució a la Historia dels Antics Gremis del Arts y Oficis de la Ciutat de Barcelona (Barcelona, Babra, 1915, pp. xxxii, 454), edited by M. González y Sugranés, deals with Agullers, Apotecaris, Argenters.

G. Maura y Gamazo has published the second volume of his Carlos II. y su Corte (Madrid, tip. de Archivos, 1915, pp. 659), which relates to the years 1669–1670.

The Boletin of the Centro de Estudios Américanistas at Seville, núm. 16, 17, 18, contains the beginnings of a series of articles by Señor Ramón de Manjarrés on the Spanish explorations of the Pacific in the eighteenth century, the first two concerning the discoveries of Easter Island, the third the voyages to Tahiti in 1772 and 1774, the latter described from the journal of the pilot Pantoja, preserved in the library of the University of Seville. Early Central American and West Indian maps are treated in continued articles by Professor Germán Latorre.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: P. Fournier, Bonizo de Sutri, Urbain II. et la Comtesse Mathilde d'après le Liber de Vita Christiana de Bonizo (Bibliothèque de l'École des Chartes, May, 1915); L. Chiama, La Fuga di G. Garibaldi da Genova nel 1834, da un Giornale di Viaggio Inedito (Nuova Antologia, March 16); I. Raulich, Come d'Azeglio rifutò la Missione al Congresso di Parigi (ibid., February 16); P. S. Leicht, I Confini della Venezia nella Storia del Diritto Italiano (ibid., February 16); M. Rouff, La Politique Intérieure de l'Italie et la Guerre (Mercure de France, April 1); A. Jeanroy, Les Troubadours en Espagne (Annales du Midi, July, 1915); J. Klein, The Alcalde Entregador of the Mesta (Bulletin Hispanique, April, 1915); A. Morel-Fatio, Le Révolutionnaire Espagnol Don Andrés Maria de Guzman, dit Don Tocsinos (Revue Historique, May-June); F. Rousseau, Les Sociétés Secrètes et la Révolution Espagnole en 1820 (Revue des Études Historiques, January).

GERMANY, AUSTRIA, AND SWITZERLAND

Fränkische Studien, Kleine Beiträge zur Geschichte und Sage des Deutschen Altertums (Berlin, Ebering, 1915) embodies the results of various researches by Halbedel.

Among recent convenient handbooks of documents are Die Römischen Krönungseide der Deutschen Kaiser (Bonn, Marcus and Weber, 1915, pp. ii, 51), edited by H. Günter; and the following numbers of Voigtländers Quellenbücher (Leipzig, Voigtländer): H. Preuss, Lutherbildnissen; J. Kühn, Luther und der Wormser Reichstag, 1521; O. Clemen's edition of Myconius's Reformationsgeschichte; and E. Gagliardi, Geschichte der Schweizerischen Eidgenossenschaft bis 1516.

In the economic history of Germany during the Middle Ages, recent

publications include W. Schmidt-Rimpler, Geschichte des Kommissionsgeschäftes in Deutschland (Halle, Waisenhaus, 1915, pp. xvi, 318), of which the first volume deals with the period before 1500; the Urkundenbuch zur Geschichte des Mansfeldischen Saigerhandels im 16. Jahrhundert (Halle, Hendel, 1915), edited by W. Möllenberg; and K. Jagow, Die Heringsfischerei an den Deutschen Ostseeküsten im Mittelalter (Berlin, 1915), an offprint from the Archiv für Fischereigeschichte.

For the history of German monastic orders there have appeared Paul Boehme's edition of the Urkundenbuch des Klosters Pforte (Halle, Hendel, 1915, vol. II., no. 2, 1501–1513); Dersch's Hessisches Klosterbuch (Marburg, Elwert, 1915); L. Schmitz-Kallenberg's Monumenta Budicensia: Quellen zur Geschichte des Augustiner-Chorherrenstiftes Böddeken i. W. (Münster, Borgmeyer, 1915); Vonschott's Geistiges Leben im Augustinerorden am Ende des Mittelalters und zu Beginn der Neuseit (Berlin, Ebering, 1915); and Schmitz's Der Zustand der Süddeutschen Franziskaner-Konventualen am Ausgang des Mittelalters (Düsseldorf, Schwann, 1915).

Volume V. of Dr. Hartmann Grisar's *Luther*, translated by E. M. Lamond and edited by Luigi Cappadelta, has appeared from the press of Messrs. Kegan Paul.

Professor Otto Scheel of Tübingen deals with the school and university period in the life of Luther in the first volume of his Martin Luther, vom Katholizismus zur Reformation (Tübingen, Mohr, 1916).

Professor Friedrich Meinecke has revised and enlarged his Weltbürgertum und Nationalstaat, Studien zur Genesis des Deutschen Nationalstaates (Munich, Oldenbourg, 1915, pp. x, 528) in a third edition. Professor C. Andler of the Sorbonne has compiled a third volume of materials illustrative of Pan-Germanism, Le Pangermanisme Colonial sous Guillaume II. (Paris, Conard, 1916). Professor Arthur Chuquet has collected a characteristic group of his essays in 1914–1915, de Frédéric II. à Guillaume II. (Paris, Fontemoing, 1915, pp. 375). One of the most significant statements of German problems and German aims is Friedrich Naumann's Mitteleuropa (Berlin, Reimer, 1915, pp. viii, 299).

The thesis of Victor Bérard, the author of several well-known volumes on contemporary politics national and international during the past twenty years, in his latest volume, L'Éternelle Allemagne (Paris, Colin, 1916, pp. 345) is the continuity of German history from the forest age of Hermann and Marbod through the Carolingians, the Ottos, and the Hohenstaufen, to the present Hohenzollerns; from the Holy Roman Empire to the present German Empire; that the present kaiser is the counterpart of the Emperor Frederick II. The national policy of Bismarck is set in contrast with the Weltpolitik of the kaiser, similar to the medieval contrast between the humbler emperors who confined their

attentions to Germany and the more famous who sought renown and empire but usually found ruin in Italian ventures. The author builds his structure largely on citations from Prince von Bülow's recent work on *Imperial Germany*, and on the speeches of William II. The concluding chapters are an attempt to prove that in commercial and financial matters Germany was on the eve of a catastrophe at the outbreak of the war.

W. Friedensburg is the editor of Kurmärkische Ständeakten aus der Regierungszeit Kurfürst Joachims II. (Munich, Duncker and Humbolt, 1916, vol. II., 1551–1571); and H. von Caemmerer, of Die Testamente der Kurfürsten von Brandenburg und der beiden ersten Könige von Preussen (ibid., 1915).

Ludwig Kaas, Die Geistliche Gerichtsbarkeit der Katholischen Kirche in Preussen in Vergangenheit und Gegenwart (Stuttgart, Enke, 1915, vol. I., pp. xl, 488), relates chiefly to the western provinces of the kingdom.

A monograph on Der Trierer Festkalender: seine Entwicklung und seine Verwendung zu Urkundendatierungen (Trier, Lintz, 1915) is by Miesges. F. Rudolph has undertaken the editing of Quellen zur Rechtsund Wirtschaftsgeschichte der Rheinischen Städte and has issued the first volume, dealing with Kurtrierische Städte (Bonn, Hanstein, 1915). A study relating to the ecclesiastical electorate of Mainz is Die Entstehung des Weltlichen Territoriums des Erzbistums Mainz (Darmstadt, Staatsverlag, 1915).

The years 1896–1905 are covered in the fourth volume of the *Bibliographie der Württembergischen Geschichte* (Stuttgart, Kohlhammer, 1915) edited by O. Leuze, in continuation of the work of W. Heyd and T. Schön.

L'Autriche-Hongrie au Congrès de Berlin, 1878 (Paris, Beauchesne, 1915, pp. lvi, 191) is the Paris law thesis of J. Larmeroux.

E. von Woinovich and A. Veltzé of the historical section of the Austrian general staff have published Aus der Werkstatt des Krieges, ein Rundblick über die Organisatorische und Soziale Kriegsarbeit, 1914–1915, in Oesterreich-Ungarn (Vienna, Manz, 1915, pp. 345). "Ein Oesterreicher" has given a biographical account of Conrad von Hoetzendorff, chief of the Austrian general staff, in Unser Conrad (Vienna, Heller, 1916, pp. v, 116).

Two additional volumes of the *Urkundenbuch der Stadt und Landschaft Zürich* (Zürich, Beer, 1915), edited by J. Escher and P. Schweizer, have appeared, which carry the work forward to the third decade of the fourteenth century. R. Hoppeler has edited the volume *Bertschikon bis Dürnten* in *Die Rechtsquellen des Kantons Zürich* (Aarau, Sauerländer,

1915). In Die Rechtsquellen des Kantons Aargau Welti and Merz have edited the volume of Die Stadtrechte von Laufenburg und Mellingen (ibid.). The seventh volume of A. Bernoulli's Basler Chroniken (Leipzig, Hirzel, 1915) has also been published.

The affairs of Geneva and of Neuchâtel at the time of the French intervention are studied by F. Barbey in Félix Desportes et l'Annexion de Genève à la France, 1794-1799, d'après des Documents Inédits (Paris, Perrin, 1916, pp. xx, 420); and by E. Oppliger, in Neuenburg, die Schweiz, und Preussen, 1798-1806 (Zürich, Leemann, 1915, pp. 125).

The position of Switzerland in relation to the present war is set forth in W. Vogt, La Suisse Allemande au Début de la Guerre de 1914 (Paris, Perrin, 1915, pp. 162); in J. Jegerlehner, Grenzwacht der Schweizer (Berlin, Grote, 1915, pp. 235); and in E. Chapuisat, La Guerre Européenne et le Rôle de la Suisse (Paris, Chapelot, 1915, pp. 110).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: F. Meinecke, Germanischer und Romanischer Geist im Wandel der Deutschen Geschichtsauffassung (Sitzungsberichte der K. Preussischen Akademie, 1916, VI., and Historische Zeitschrift, CXV. 3); J. W. Thompson, The German Church and the Conversion of the Baltic Slavs, I. (American Journal of Theology, April); M. Lehmann, Luther und Zwingli (Preussische Jahrbücher, January); G. Schmoller, Fünfhundert Jahre Hohenzollern Herrschaft (Schmollers Jahrbuch, XL. 1); G. Jäger, Der Preussisch-Deutsche Staat und seine Machtorganisation (ibid., XL. 1); G. Schmoller, Die Entstehung der Deutschen Volkswirtschaft und der Deutschen Sozialreform (ibid., XXXIX. 4); G. von Below, Die Deutsche Geschichtschreibung von den Befreiungskriegen bis zu unsern Tagen, Geschichte und Kulturgeschichte (Internationale Monatsschrift, July 1, August 1, September 1); R. Sieger, Der Oesterreichische Staatsgedanke und das Deutsche Volk (Zeitschrift für Politik, IX. 1); O. Weber, Deutschland und Oesterreich-Ungarn (ibid.); G. Goyau, Une Personnalité Religieuse, Genève, 1535-1907, II., III. (Revue des Deux Mondes, February 1, April 1).

NETHERLANDS AND BELGIUM

General review: N. Japikse, Histoire des Pays-Bas (Revue Historique, March).

The historical society of Groningen has just published, in a large quarto volume, the *Album Studiosorum Academiae Groninganae*, extending from the foundation of the university.

The second volume of T. F. M. Huybers, Don Juan van Oostenrijk, Landvoogd der Nederlanden (Amsterdam, Van der Vecht, 1914, pp. xii, 356) has appeared.

In the Rijks Geschiedkundige Publicatiën, the twenty-sixth volume is the first of the Resolutiën der Staaten-General van 1576–1609 (the Hague, Nijhoff, 1915, pp. lxx, 678), covering the years 1576–1577 and edited by Dr. N. Japikse. A new life of Johan De Witt (Amsterdam, Meulenhoff, 1915, pp. viii, 358) is also by Dr. Japikse.

The archive administration of Leiden has published, in two fascicles, *Archieven van de Kerken*, edited by Dr. J. C. Overvoorde, inventories of the archives of the churches of St. Peter (opposite John Robinson's abode), Our Lady, and St. Pancras.

A. Goslinga has begun the study of the career of one of the eighteenth-century pensionaries of Holland in *Slingelandt's Efforts towards European Peace* (the Hague, Nijhoff, 1915, pp. 388, xxiv). The present volume, though published in English, is a Leiden thesis, and only deals with Slingelandt's life prior to his entrance upon the office of pensionary in 1727.

Groen van Prinsterer's Archives ou Correspondance Inédite de la Maison d'Orange-Nassau has been completed by F. J. L. Krämer, who has published the third volume of the fifth series, for the period 1782–1789. As yet only a trifling amount of materials for the years 1702–1747 has been found, which may possibly be added to the series in a small volume. For the years 1782–1783, there has also appeared the fourth volume of the Gedenkschriften van Gijsbert Jan van Hardenbroek (Amsterdam, Müller, 1915), edited by A. J. van der Meulen.

In addition to the volume for 1815–1824, in his Gedenkstukken der Algemeene Geschiedenis van Nederland van 1795–1840 (the Hague, Nijhoff, 1915, pp. xxxv, 711), Dr. H. T. Colenbrander has also edited the Gedenkschriften van Anton Reinhard Falck (ibid., pp. xxv, 796) for the Rijks Geschiedkundige Publicatiën.

The seventh volume of Werken published by the Linschoten Vereeniging begins the publication of De Eerste Schipvaert der Nederlanders naar Oost-Indië onder Cornelis de Houtman, 1595–1597, of which this volume contains D'Eerste Bocck van Willem Lodewijcksz (the Hague, Nijhoff, 1915, pp. xxxiv, 248), edited by G. P. Rouffaer and J. W. IJzerman. P. H. van der Kemp has made a study of a later time in the history of the Dutch East Indies in Het Nederlandsch-Indisch Bestuur in het Midden van 1817, naar Oorspronkelijke Stukken (ibid., pp. xlii, 415). The ninth volume of the Linschoten Society is Dirck Gerritsz Pomp, alias Dirck Gerritsz China (ibid., 1915), an account, chiefly from Spanish sources, of the first Netherlander (1544–1604) who visited China and Japan, and of his voyage to and residence in South America.

Émile Waxweiler, director of the Solvay Institute in Brussels, has replied to the criticisms of his earlier work on La Belgique, Neutre et

Loyale, and to criticisms of Belgium's behavior, in Le Procès de la Neutralité Belge: Réplique aux Accusations (Paris, Payot, 1916, pp. 136). The volume contains many new and important documents. C. P. Sanger and H. T. J. Norton have published England's Guarantee to Belgium and Luxemburg, with the full Text of the Treaties (London, Allen and Unwin, 1915, pp. viii, 155). Le Droit des Nationalités (Paris, Alcan, 1915, pp. 112), by Eugène Baie, is little more than a group of statements secured by the author, a Belgian, from about twenty prominent representatives of various nationalities.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: W. S. Unger, De Hollandsche Graanhandel en Graanhandelspolitiek in de Middeleeuwen, I. (De Economist, April 15); P. C. Rinaudo, Il Belgio e un Governo Trentennale (Rivista Internazionale di Scienze Sociali e Discipline Ausiliarie, January 31, February 29); K. Rathgen, Belgicus Auswärtige Politik und der Kongo (Preussische Jahrbücher, December); A. de Bassompierre, La Nuit du 2 au 3 Août 1914 au Ministère des Affaires Étrangères de Belgique (Revue des Deux Mondes, February 15).

NORTHERN AND EASTERN EUROPE

A volume on Den Svenska Kyrkans Utveckling från St. Bernhards Tidevarf till Innocentius III: s (Stockholm, Norstedt, 1915) is by Westmann.

Bernadotte and his time in Sweden are the subject of Barton, Bernadotte, the First Phase, 1763-1799 (New York, Scribner, 1915); O. Kuylenstierna, Karl Johan och Napoleon, 1797-1814, Til Sveriges Historia under den senaste stora Europeiska Krisen (Stockholm, Geber, 1915, pp. xv, 283); and Wahlström, Gustavianska Studier, Historiska Utkast från Tidevarfet, 1772-1809 (Stockholm, Norstedt, 1915).

The international position of Sweden is discussed in Hjärne, Östeuropas Kriser och Sveriges Försvar, Politiska Utkast, 1880–1914 (Upsala, Askerberg, 1915).

Dr. Robert J. Kerner of the University of Missouri has prepared for the Bibliographical Society of America an excellent general survey of *The Foundations of Slavic Bibliography*, which has been published by the University of Chicago Press as a pamphlet of 39 pages, likely to be very serviceable to librarians and historical scholars.

Leo Pasvolsky is the editor of *The Russian Review*, a Monthly Magazine devoted to Russian Life, Literature, and Art (Russian Review Publishing Company, 31 East 7th St., New York, I. 1, February, 1916). A section of the magazine is devoted to the war, and other articles are often of related interest.

The racial problems of the Balkan peoples are discussed in M. R.

Sirianu, La Question de Transylvanie et l'Unité Politique Roumaine (Paris, Jouve, 1916, pp. 440), which includes an account of Rumania's relation to the present war; "Balcanicus", said to be a prominent Serbian, La Bulgarie, ses Ambitions, sa Trahison (Paris, Colin, 1915); H. Barby, correspondent of the Journal of Paris, L'Épopée Scrbe, l'Agonie d'un Peuple (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1916); and P. de Lanux, La Yougoslavie, la France et les Serbes (Paris, Payot, 1916).

Russian Forcign Policy in the East (pp. 38), by Milivoy S. Stanoyevich, M.L., of the University of California, is a useful, although from its very brevity unsatisfying, summary of Russian foreign policy from about the beginning of the nineteenth century to the present time. The subject is treated in four chapters, dealing, respectively, with Russia's policy in the Near East, the Middle East, the Far East, and the period since the Japanese war. The first three chapters make the aims and achievements fairly clear, but the last chapter does not clarify our ideas very much. There is a bibliography of ten pages (Oakland and San Francisco, Liberty Publishing Company).

Dr. C. Nawratzki has written an account of Die Jüdische Kolonisation Palästinas (Munich, E. Reinhardt, 1915).

Twenty Years in Baghdad and Syria, by Canon Joseph Thomas Parfit, is a personal study of the growth of German influence in the East, which appeared originally as a series in the Evening News.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: S. Posner, La Vie Politique en Pologne avant la Guerre (Mercure de France, April 16); E. Haumont, Karageorges: son Armée, ses Adversaires (Revue Historique, May-June); Salih Munir Pacha, Réflexions sur la Turquie d'Autrefois (Revue Politique Internationale, January); L. Maecas, La Crise Hellénique (Revue de Paris, February 1).

THE FAR EAST AND INDIA

A new volume in the *Biblioteca Coloniale*, by Professor E. Catellani of Padua, deals with *La Penetrazione Straniera nell' Estremo Oriente*, sue Forme Giuridiche ed Economiche (Florence, Barbera, 1915, pp. 500).

The Hakluyt Society has published vol. I. of a new edition of Sir Henry Yule's Cathay and the Way Thither, ably edited by Professor Henri Cordier.

A sketch of the history of Cambodia will be found in *Histoire Sommaire du Royaume de Cambodge des Origines à nos Jours* (Saigon, Ardin, 1914, pp. 159), by Dr. H. Russier.

Volume VII., part I., of Sir Charles P. Lucas's *Historical Geography* of the British Colonies deals with India, and is the work of P. E. Roberts.

To those interested in the history of science a volume of much interest is that of Brajendranath Seal, *The Positive Sciences of the Ancient Hindus*, published by Messrs. Longmans, Green, and Company.

G. A. Natesan has collected a mass of materials in *All about the War: the Indian Review War Book* (Madras, Natesan, 1915, pp. xxiv, 440). The German view of the situation in India may be found in S. Konow, *Indian unter der Englischen Herrschaft* (Tübingen, Mohr, 1915, pp. vii, 142).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: W. W. Rockhill, Notes on the Relations and Trade of China with the Eastern Archipelago and the Coast of the Indian Ocean during the Fourteenth Century, II. 2, III. (T'Oung Pao, May, July, 1915); A. Bellessort, L'Apôtre des Indes et du Japon, François de Xavier (Revue des Deux Mondes, February 15, March 15); M. Courant, La Politique de Japon pendant la Première Année de la Guerre Européenne (Revue des Sciences Politiques, February 15).

AMERICA

GENERAL ITEMS

The Carnegie Institution of Washington has published Professor A. B. Faust's Guide to the Materials for American History in Swiss and Austrian Archives, a volume of 299 pages. The manuscript of Mr. Golder's Guide to the Russian archives is in the printers' hands. The index to Professor Hill's Descriptive Catalogue of the "Papeles de Cuba" has been completed and sent to the printer. The Institution is now ready to offer for sale ten sets of photographs which it has caused to be prepared in the Archives of the Indies, representing (1766–1791) the regular series of despatches from the Spanish governors of Louisiana to the captains general of Cuba, the central series in the Papeles de Cuba. The series consists of 2989 plates, to be sold at a little less than cost price—three hundred dollars.

Under a misapprehension of a phrase in the last report of the Librarian of Congress, the statement was made in these pages, in our last issue, that the Library had completed its plans as to securing transcripts of documents in the British archives relating to American history. On the contrary, the inflow of these British transcripts still continues, and will continue indefinitely.

Recent accessions to the Manuscripts Division of the Library of Congress include: two volumes of papers of General Thomas Sumter, principally Revolutionary correspondence and orders; log-books (360 vols.) of 61 British war-ships, 1808–1840, chiefly of the period of the War of 1812; a large addition to the papers of General George B. McClellan, the gift of his son, Hon. George B. McClellan, jr.; some Lincoln manu-

scripts, including the first and second autograph drafts of the Gettysburg Address and the autograph of the second inaugural address (gifts of the family of the late John Hay), and Lincoln's memorandum of August 23, 1864, pledging support to the next administration, and endorsed by members of the Cabinet (the gift of Miss Helen Nicolay); correspondence of Mrs. Horace Mann with Spanish-American educators on the subject of a public school system for Argentina; also her correspondence with General Ethan Allen Hitchcock on Civil War matters; and the letter-book of James Redpath when he was general agent of emigration for Haiti in 1861.

Our Military History: its Facts and Fallacies, by Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A., though treating of the past is primarily concerned with the future. It is published by Reilly and Britton.

The second volume of the Catholic Historical Review (April number) opens with a careful article on the Lost Province of Quivira by the Rev. Michael Shine, who identifies Quivira with Nebraska. Father Victor O'Daniel continues his scholarly work on the life of Bishop Concanen and on the latter's election to the see of New York, accompanied by valuable documents. Professor Charles H. McCarthy has a paper on the attitude of Spain during the American Revolution.

In the *Records* of the American Catholic Historical Society for March the paper of Augustin de Iturbide on Don Augustin de Iturbide is concluded, as is also the diary of Father Marie Joseph Durand. The life of Bishop Conwell is continued.

Vol. XIV. of the *Journal* of the American-Irish Historical Society (1914–1915, 350 pp.) contains biographical sketches of Bishop John England and of the American-Irish governors of Pennsylvania. The historiographer of the society, Mr. Michael J. O'Brien, presents an important article on the various records—immigration, land, probate, vital, military, and other—of the Irish in America in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries.

The second or April number of the Journal of Negro History more than maintains the high ground occupied by the first number. Professor Kelly Miller of Howard University has an excellent article on the Early Negro Physician in the United States; W. B. Hartgrove, on the Negro Soldier in the American Revolution; Dr. C. G. Woodson, the editor, on Freedom and Slavery in Appalachian America, and A. O. Stafford on the Arabian poet Antar. The section devoted to "Documents" presents some fifty pages of advertisements concerning slaves from American newspapers of the eighteenth century, descriptive matter of great interest.

Among the contents of the November-December number of the Magazine of History are an account of Some Medical Men in the Revo-

lution, by Dr. Sydney H. Carney, jr.; a Thanksgiving sermon preached by Rev. Israel Evans at Easton, Pennsylvania, October 17, 1779; a continuation of Captain Asa N. Hays's War-Time Recollections; some letters and extracts of letters, 1805–1822, from Thomas Jefferson, principally to J. W. Eppes and Thomas M. Randolph; and some extracts from the diary of John Fell, of New Jersey, when he was a delegate in the Continental Congress, 1778–1779. The January–February number includes a paper on Anne Hutchinson, by Mrs. Carrie M. W. Weiss; one on the Vermont of the Revolution, by Rev. F. W. Holden; and a reprint, from the April number of this journal, of documents on the Relations between the Vermont Separatists and Great Britain.

With Americans of Past and Present Days is the title of a book of addresses and articles by J. J. Jusserand, French ambassador to the United States, which Messrs. Scribner have recently issued.

Two works on the presidency by ex-President Taft have recently appeared. The one, comprising the Columbia University lectures, is entitled Our Chief Magistrate and his Powers (Lemcke and Buechner); the other, which embodies three lectures given at the University of Virginia, is entitled The Presidency: its Duties, its Powers, its Opportunities, its Limitations (Scribner).

Joseph B. Bishop's Presidential Nominations and Elections: a History of American Conventions, National Campaigns, Inaugurations, and Campaign Caricatures (Scribner) contains some account of election machinery but is chiefly concerned with personalities, incidents, etc.

The Centennial History of the American Bible Society, in two volumes, by Henry Otis Dwight, has been brought out by Macmillan.

Fifty Years of Association Work among Young Women, 1866-1916: a History of Young Women's Christian Associations in the United States of America, by Eliza Wilson, has been published in New York by the Y. W. C. A. National Board.

ITEMS ARRANGED IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

Upon land in New York City presented by Mr. Archer M. Huntington, in the neighborhood of the building of the Hispanic Society, a Museum of the American Indian is to be erected, to contain, along with other and subsequent accumulations, a collection of some 400,000 Indian objects brought together during many years by Mr. George G. Heye.

Mr. William M. Fitzhugh has purchased the collection of Indian objects, more than twenty thousand in number, formed by the late Professor T. S. C. Lowe, and has presented it to the city of San Francisco.

Physical Anthropology of the Lenape or Delawares, and of the Eastern Indians in General (Bulletin of the Bureau of American Eth-

nology, no. 62), by Dr. Aleš Hrdlička, is a study of the skeletal materials brought to light as a result of the anthropological explorations conducted in the upper Delaware River valley in 1914 in behalf of the Museum of the American Indian in New York. Fifty-seven skeletons were found in a cemetery at Minisink. The author had in a previous study ("The Crania of Trenton, New Jersey, and their Bearing upon the Antiquity of Man in that Region", in Bulletin XVI. of the American Museum of Natural History, New York, 1902) described all the crania of the Lenape or Delaware Indians then preserved in our museums. One conclusion which the author reaches in consequence of these studies is that the Iroquois are physically identical with the eastern Algonquin tribes.

Mr. Clarence B. Moore has printed in volume XVI. of the *Journal* of the Academy of Natural Sciences in Philadelphia an extensive memoir on Aboriginal Sites on the Tennessee River, recording the results of his investigations along that river during the winter season of 1914–1915.

We have received from Dr. Arthur H. Buffinton of Williams College a careful treatise on New England and the Western Fur-Trade, 1629– 1675, reprinted, in advance, from the *Publications* of the Colonial Society of Massachusetts.

Messrs. Henry Stevens, Son, and Stiles of London, have issued a catalogue far beyond the ordinary bookseller's catalogue in historical value, and distinctly deserving mention to bibliographers. Under the title A Century of American Printing, 1701 to 1800, they have listed 1100 selections from their stock, printed in America in the century named, in a list arranged in alphabetical order of places of publication. Besides the value which this collocation gives to the pamphlet, it is enriched with many learned bibliographical notes.

Some British Soldiers in America, by Captain W. H. Wilkin, includes serviceable biographies of several of the more prominent British officers in high command in America in the Revolutionary War, and of three, at least, who are not so well known. Those whose careers are recounted in the book are Howe, Carleton, Clinton, Rawdon, Simcoe, Tarleton, Ferguson, Meadows, Harris, and Hale. Because the last three are so little known and also because the chapters concerning them include numerous letters and extracts from letters written by them during the war, probably more Americans will be interested in their biographies than in those of the better known commanders. Sir William Meadows and Lord Harris, to use titles acquired subsequent to their service in America, both attained to high military rank in after years. The letters of Captain William John Hale (1776–1778) are of especial interest.

Relations between the United States and Great Britain, 1776-1915

(pp. 62), by Juliet Green, comes from Hollywood High School, Los Angeles, California, and is issued as *Hollywood Junior College Studies*, no. 1. Dr. Frederic W. Sanders, head of the department of history, furnishes an introduction. An appendix contains the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty of 1901.

Professor Gilbert Chinard, in *Notes sur le Voyage de Chatcaubriand en Amérique*, *Juillet-Décembre 1791* (University of California, pp. 81) shows that while Chateaubriand no doubt went as far west as Niagara, his observations on the Great Lakes, the Ohio, and the Mississippi are largely derived from Carver and Imlay and give no evidence of actual travel.

The New York Public Library has issued a List of References on Political Parties in the United States, 1800-1914, compiled by Alta B. Classin.

In the Geographical Review for May, Professor Annie H. Abel of Smith College describes a map of the Missouri River region lately discovered among the papers of the Indian Office at Washington, which seems to have originated with John Evans, agent of the Missouri Company, and to have been used by Lewis and Clark on their expedition.

The Life and Ventures of the Original John Jacob Astor, by Eliza L. Gebhard, has been brought out in Hudson, New York, by the Bryan Printing Company.

Volume VI. (1816–1819) of *The Writings of John Quincy Adams*, edited by Worthington C. Ford, has come from the press (Macmillan).

Proceedings at the Unveiling of a Memorial to Horace Greeley at Chappaqua, New York, February 3, 1014, with reports of other Greeley celebrations related to the centennial of his birth, February 3, 1911, is put forth by the department of archives and history of the state of New York, with an introduction by the state historian, James A. Holden. There are many addresses in the volume, and there are also some studies and reminiscences, as well as some pages of newspaper comment and appreciation. There are also some 35 pages embodying characteristic utterances of Greeley, together with a few campaign addresses and extracts, and a few original letters. An appendix contains ten pages of references to biographical material on Greeley.

Macmillan's series True Storics of Great Americans now includes Abraham Lincoln, by Daniel E. Wheeler.

Houghton Mifflin Company has published Abraham Lincoln, the Lawyer-Statesman, by J. T. Richards.

The Department of Commerce has published, as special publication no. 37, and apparently upon occasion of the recent centennial of the AM. HIST. REV., VOL. XXI.—58.

United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, a pamphlet of seventy-two pages, on the *Military and Naval Service of the United States Coast Survey*, 1861–1865, made up from contemporary reports and correspondence.

An interesting address, delivered before the Supreme Court of North Carolina by Captain Samuel A. Ashe on occasion of the presentation of a portrait of George Davis to the court, has been printed as a pamphlet with the title George Davis, Attorney-General of the Confederate States (Raleigh, Edwards and Broughton, 1916, pp. 25).

The May number of the American Journal of Sociology consists entirely (pages 721-864) of an article by the editor of the journal, Professor Albion W. Small of Chicago, entitled "Fifty Years of Sociology in the United States (1865-1915)", in which an admirable, comprehensive, and most interesting survey of the progress not only of sociology but of allied social sciences is presented.

Dr. F. E. Haynes's Third Party Movements since the Civil War, with special Reference to Iowa has been issued (Iowa State Historical Society).

Largely from the testimony in the government suit to dissolve the corporation, so the author says, Mr. Arundel Cotter has compiled *The Authentic History of the United States Steel Corporation*, which is published by the Moody Magazine and Book Company. The author frankly confesses a predilection for the corporation as marking the dawn of a new and better era in industrial history.

Woodrow Wilson: the Man and his Work: a Biographical Study, by Henry Jones Ford, is from the press of Appleton.

Mr. Lawrence B. Evans's Samuel W. McCall, Governor of Massachusetts (Boston and New York, Houghton Mifflin Company, pp. 242) was obviously prepared with a view to politics of the present day; yet, its subject being an historical scholar of repute and having played a distinguished part in congressional history during twenty years, the book does not fail to be of value and interest to historical scholars.

LOCAL ITEMS, ARRANGED IN GEOGRAPHICAL ORDER

An intelligent and valuable treatise by Dr. Percy W. Bidwell of Yale University on "Rural Economy in New England at the Beginning of the Nineteenth Century", is published in volume XX. of the *Transactions* of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences. The subject is one of obvious importance, even to the student of political history; we do not know of any previous study of it so excellent.

On Saturday, June 10, 1916, the two hundredth anniversary of the second and permanent settlement of Falmouth, now Portland, Maine,

was celebrated under civic auspices. The celebration included a parade, and an address by Hon. James P. Baxter having special reference to the services of Major Samuel Moody in connection with the Indian troubles by which the settlement on Falmouth Neck was broken up.

The *Proceedings* of the Vermont Historical Society for the years 1913–1914 includes an address, delivered by Hon. Frank C. Partridge before the society, January 19, 1915, on the life and services of Senator Redfield Proctor; a speech of Senator Proctor on conditions in Cuba, delivered in the United States Senate, March 17, 1898; Otter Creek in History, an address by Hon. Henry W. Hill of Buffalo, delivered at Fort Cassin, Vermont, in September, 1914; and a paper by Dorman B. E. Kent concerning Vermonters who have attained prominence. The paper is accompanied by a catalogue (occupying more than 100 pages of text) of a thousand prominent Vermonters born within the period 1768–1879.

No. 207 of the Old South Leaflets is a reprint, edited by Mr. Samuel E. Morison, of two important tracts of the Massachusetts Puritans in 1630, The Humble Request and John Winthrop's Modell of Christian Charity.

The March serial of the Massachusetts Historical Society contains a sketch of Peter Harrison, the first professional architect in America, by Mr. Charles Henry Hart; a letter from Captain Samuel Morris, dated at Cap François, February 28, 1797, describing his experience in Santo Domingo, and a paper on the Washington Benevolent Society in New England: a Phase of Politics during the War of 1812, by William A. Robinson of Washington University, St. Louis.

The Massachusetts Magazine for January contains an historical and descriptive account of the library of the American Antiquarian Society, by Agnes Edwards; also an account of Colonel Moses Little's regiment in the Revolutionary War, including biographical sketches of the officers.

In the April number of the Essex Institute Historical Collections the journal of Rev. Joshua Wingate Weeks, Loyalist rector of St. Michael's Church, Marblehead, 1778–1779, is continued.

The Reports of the Director of the New York State Library for 1913 and 1914 (Bulletin of the University of the State of New York, nos. 609 and 613, respectively), show good progress in the work of repairing and arranging the manuscripts saved from the fire. It is estimated that the salvage of the Revolutionary manuscripts (originally 55 volumes) amounts to about two-fifths of the collection. During the years covered by these reports there have been acquisitions of considerable importance. Some of these are: about 50 letters and papers of General Philip Schuyler; 61 of Israel Keith; seven volumes of abstracts of Ulster County records, 1661–1728; a body of transcripts of Sir Wil-

liam Johnson papers (1747–1774) from the British Public Record Office; thirteen letters of General James Wilkinson, 1804–1821; 55 letters of Timothy Jenkins of Oneida County, written principally from Washington when he was a member of Congress, 1845–1849, 1851–1853; the diary of a German officer who served with the Hessian troops in 1776–1777; an orderly book (January to June, 1777) of General William Howe, exactly filling the gap of Howe's orderly books printed in the New York Historical Society's *Collections* for 1884; and copies of the early records of many of the Dutch Reformed churches in New York. The library will shortly publish a volume of translations from early Dutch records in the Albany county clerk's office. The translations, made by Professor W. L. Pearson of Schenectady, will be edited by Mr. A. J. F. van Laer, state archivist.

In a luxurious volume entitled Manhattan, 1624–1639, published by the author at 90 West Street, New York, Mr. Edward Van Winkle, recording secretary of the Holland Society, presents full details as to the location and occupancy, in the earliest period, of the various farms and plantations, bouweries and breweries, with a brief biography of each early settler and a reproduction of the Vingboom map.

Mr. I. N. Phelps Stokes has published the first volume (pp. 525) of The Iconography of Manhattan Island, to be completed within a year in four sumptuous volumes, in an edition of 402 copies, with many fine illustrations. The work surveys the history of the island of Manhattan and of the city of New York in their physical and topographical aspects and is a product of several years of extensive research on the part of the author, with assistance from Mr. Victor H. Paltsits. Volume I. deals with the period of discovery and with the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, in their general aspects, though the cartography of that period is reserved for the second volume.

Excavations near 204th Street, New York City, two blocks west of Broadway, have brought to light a series of some fifty huts, occupied in 1776 by the American army under General William Heath and later by Hessians and English soldiers of various regiments. A variety of interesting relics have been found.

The New York Genealogical and Biographical Record for April contains a bibliographical sketch of the late Norman B. Ream, by Dr. Clarence W. Bowen; also a number of letters and documents (1780–1782) from the papers of Col. Hugh Hughes, deputy quartermaster general in the Revolution, contributed by George A. Morrison, jr.

Volume XIX. of the *Publications* of the Buffalo Historical Society, edited by Frank H. Severance, is in respect of about half its contents a tribute to the late Josephus N. Larned, including a biographical address by John B. Olmsted, selected essays and historical and other

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addresses of Larned, and a bibliography of his writings. There is also a tribute, by Henry R. Howland, to Henry A. Richmond (1840–1913), a prominent citizen of Buffalo and close friend of Larned. The remainder of the volume principally relates to the periodical press of Buffalo. This includes a bibliography (1811–1915), compiled by Frank H. Severance, and three papers, namely: When our Press was Young, reminiscences written in 1885 by J. C. Brayman, Early Days of the Buffalo Courier, written in 1896 by Joseph Stringham, and the Courier in the Early Eighties, by Frederick J. Shepard. Following the bibliography are found 31 portraits of Buffalo editors, and biographical sketches of some of them, together with other material pertaining to the subject. The Notes, as usual, contain also materials of interest. There are, for instance, some letters relating to the Greeley peace conference at Niagara Falls in 1864, and three letters of Parkman, the historian, written in 1849, 1867, and 1882, respectively.

The *Proceedings* of the New Jersey Historical Society, vol. X., no. 3 (July and October, 1915), contains a brief article by J. F. Folsom concerning a Slave Indenture of Colonial Days, the conclusion of J. L. Rankin's account of Newark Town Government from 1666 to 1833, and the concluding installment of the journal of John Reading (1719). Beginning with January, 1916, a "New Series" of the *Proceedings* is inaugurated, which, it is contemplated, shall continue indefinitely, condemnation having been pronounced upon the whole race and generation of "series". This first number contains a group of depositions, etc., throwing light upon the death of Chaplain James Caldwell, shot by a sentry at Elizabethtown in 1781. These documents, together with a letter of Caldwell to Elbridge Gerry in Congress, October 6, 1778, also printed, came from the collection of the late William Nelson. Mr. P. H. Hoffman contributes a first article on Caspar Steinmets and his Descendants.

The city of Newark, New Jersey, celebrated with appropriate ceremonies, pageants, parades, etc., May I to 18, the 250th anniversary of its founding. As a "Record of Work and a Program of Events" for the celebration the *Newarker* has been published monthly, wherein may be found occasional articles of historical interest.

The second number (April) of the *Vineland Historical Magazine* continues the journal of Charles K. Landis, founder of Vineland, New Jersey, and a paper by Mrs. Mary E. Schley on the Early Settlers of Vineland.

The Division of Public Records in the Pennsylvania State Library has now completed, in five volumes, an index to the sixth series of the *Pennsylvania Archives*. It has also completed an arrangement of the Berks, Cumberland, and York county papers. The state librarian has just completed a new edition of the *Frontier Forts*, first published in 1895.

The Historical Society of Pennsylvania has received, by gift from Captain Edward Carpenter, U. S. A., the Carpenter Family Papers, 11 volumes of manuscript, 1014 manuscripts; from the late William Brooke Rawle, six volumes of Rawle Papers, four volumes of Shoemaker Papers, and four volumes relating to the cavalry fight on the right flank at Gettysburg; and from the estate of Dr. George Smith, a collection consisting of letters of William Hamilton, of the Woodlands, 1784–1804, and papers relating to the estate of Andrew Hamilton, 394 manuscripts.

The January number of the *Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography* contains an article, by Hampton L. Carson, on James T. Mitchell, late chief justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, William Penn's journal of his second visit to Ireland (1669–1670), and selections from the military papers of Brig.-Gen. William Irvine. The April number includes "A Tour through Part of England, by Mary Shackleton, in the Year 1784"; Fanny Saltar's Reminiscences of Colonial Days in Philadelphia, contributed by Mrs. E. B. Hoskins; Letters of Eliza Farmar to her Nephew, 1774, 1775, and 1783; and Letters of Thomas Penn to Richard Hockley, 1746–1748.

The principal article in the March number of the Maryland Historical Magazine is the First Sixty Years of the Church of England in Maryland, 1632–1692, by Lawrence C. Wroth.

Dr. George C. Keidel of the Library of Congress published in the Catonsville *Argus* of 1912 and 1913, a series of thirty-five articles on the Colonial History of Catonsville. A small number of copies of these have been put up by him in the shape of volumes, for sale.

Volume II. of the *History of the National Capital*, by W. B. Bryan, has come from the press (Macmillan).

The General Assembly of Virginia at its recent session appropriated \$4000 for the purchase of fire-proof filing-cases for the manuscript material in the department of archives and history, and \$1500 for binding in the Library, of which a large portion will be used in binding manuscript materials. The archivist, Mr. Morgan P. Robinson, has completed the flat-filing and chronological arrangement of the petitions to the General Assembly, 1776–1865, some 20,000 in number. These will then be indexed.

The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography prints in the April number the second part of the interesting narrative by Franz Ludwig Michel of his journey from Switzerland to Virginia in 1701–1702. Mr. David I. Bushnell's article, in his series of papers on the Virginia Frontier in History, relates to the treaty of Fort Pitt, September 17, 1778, and embodies the record of the conference, September 12 to 17, of which the treaty was the fruit. In this number also are printed the proceedings of the Virginia Historical Society in the annual meeting held March

20, 1916. The principal matter is the annual report of the president of the society, Captain W. Gordon McCabe. It is chiefly devoted to the commemoration of deceased members, Judge Theodore S. Garnett of Norfolk, Major John P. Branch of Richmond, and Lothrop Withington, the genealogist, lost on the *Lusitania*, and is to be heartily commended to any who will enjoy seeing a fine specimen of the spirit of Old Virginia surviving in the present time.

The William and Mary College Quarterly Historical Magazine continues in the April number the letters of Major Thomas Rowland, C. S. A., the letters of James Rumsey, and Mr. William Clayton-Torrence's articles on Henrico County, Virginia: Beginnings of its Families.

Pioneer Settlers of Grayson County, Virginia, by B. F. Nuckolls, is put forth in Bristol, Tennessee, by the King Press.

The James Sprunt Historical Publications, vol. XIV., no. 1 (pp. 91), comprises a collection of letters from Charles W. Harris (1771-1804) to his uncle and to his brother. One group of the letters, written while Harris was connected with the infant University of North Carolina (1795-1796), is of particular interest for the early history of that institution. The other letters were written for the most part from Halifax, North Carolina, where Harris was engaged in the practice of law, and to his brother. They touch frequently upon local and national politics, but relate principally to personal matters. The letters have been extensively annotated by H. M. Wagstaff. Volume XIV., no. 2, is a monograph by Francis H. Cooper, entitled Some Colonial History of Beaufort County, North Carolina. It is not a connected history of the county but sketches of phases and incidents in its history. Volume XV., nos. I and 2 (double number, pp. 212), is a monograph, by Professor J. G. de Roulhac Hamilton, on Party Politics in North Carolina, 1835-1860. Of especial interest are two introductory chapters, one on the political significance of the convention of 1835, the other on the social, economic, and political background at the opening of the period under consideration. The book consists for the most part of a chapter upon each of the biennial campaigns, wherein the author brings into view its principal factors, personal and other, giving a tolerably clear view of the politics of the state and of party development.

The South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine for January contains an article on the Seabrook family, by Miss Mabel L. Webber, and continuations of the orderly book of J. F. Grimké and of the parish register of St. James', Santee.

The *Proceedings* of the first meeting of the Alabama History Teachers' Association (*Publications* of the Alabama State Department of Archives and History, Historical and Patriotic Societies series) includes three papers read at the meeting: the Teaching of Local History and Civics, by F. L. Grove; Aids in Vitalizing the Facts of History, by J. B.

Clark; and Aids in Visualizing the Facts of History, by Miss Mattie W. Thompson.

The June number of the Mississippi Valley Historical Review contains a paper by Mr. V. W. Crane on the Tennessee River as the Road to Carolina: the Beginnings of Exploration and Trade; by Professor C. W. Alvord, on Virginia and the West, an Interpretation; Professor L. B. Schmidt's paper on the Economic History of American Agriculture as a Field for Study, read at the last meeting of the American Historical Association; and a general survey of Historical Activities in the Old Northwest, by Professor A. C. Cole. All are articles of high merit and there are excellent reviews of books.

The ninth annual meeting of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association was held at Nashville on April 27, 28, and 29, 1916. From among the many papers read, illustrating a wide variety of topics in the history of the Middle West, we will mention especially the address of Professor William E. Dodd of Chicago on "Henry Clay, Insurgent, 1817–1825", and that of Professor Archibald Henderson, on the "Beginnings of Nashville". Professor Frederic L. Paxson of Wisconsin was elected president for the ensuing year.

The pages of the April number of the Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly are occupied principally with the proceedings of the ninth annual meeting of the Ohio Valley Historical Association, held at Columbus, October 21 and 22, 1915. The papers read at the meeting which find place in the Quarterly are: Woman's Suffrage in the Constitutional Convention of Ohio, by D. C. Shilling; Early Religious Movements in Pittsburgh, by Professor Homer J. Webster; Early Religious Movements in the Muskingum Valley, by Professor C. L. Martzolff; Early Newspapers in the Virginias, by Henry S. Green; Influences of Early Religious Literature in the Ohio Valley from 1815 to 1850, by Mrs. Irene D. Cornwell; the Location of the Site of the Ohio Capital, by E. O. Randall; and the Centennial Churches of the Miami Valley, by J. E. Bradford.

The January-March number of the Quarterly Publication of the Historical and Philosophical Society of Ohio comprises the fourth of the Selections from the Follett Papers. The letters, twenty in number, extend over the period from 1833 to 1848 and relate largely to political conditions in New York and Ohio. Two of the letters (1833) are from Oran Follett to William L. Marcy, two (1837, 1840) to Thurlow Weed, two (1839, 1842) to James T. Morehead of Kentucky; while of those written to Follett two (1834) are from Millard Fillmore, two (1848) from William H. Seward, and five (1848) from Elisha Whittlesey, member of Congress from Ohio, 1823–1838.

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The first number (March) of the Ohio History Teachers' Journal has appeared. The Journal is issued as a Bulletin of the Ohio State University and is to appear four times a year, namely, in January, March, May, and November. The managing editor is Professor Wilbur H. Siebert. The articles in this number, besides some prefatory remarks by the editor concerning the mission of the Journal, are: the Evolution of the American Common School, by Professor F. P. Graves; Changing Ideals and Methods of Teaching American History, by Professor E. J. Benton; Teaching Citizenship in the Public Schools, by E. G. Pumphrey; a New Tool in Education (the Museum), by Professor S. C. Derby; the Use of Aids to History Teaching in Ohio, by U. M. McCaughey; How to Reach the Pupils in History Teaching, by Frances Walsh; and Justification for a Study of Ohio History in our Schools, by Professor C. L. Martzolff.

The articles in the March number of the *Indiana Magazine of History* are: the First Public Land Surveys in Indiana, by George R. Wilson; the Election of 1852 in Indiana (concluded), by Dale Beeler; Samuel Merrill, Indiana's Second State Treasurer (1792–1855), from the papers of Catharine Merrill; the Settlement of Worthington and Old Point Commerce, by Robert Weems; and a further communication by Hubert M. Skinner relative to "tassements".

The belated October (1915) number of the Journal of the Illinois State Historical Society includes an article by Frank R. Grover on Indian Treaties affecting Lands in Illinois; one by John M. Lansden concerning General Grant's visit to Cairo, Illinois, in 1880; a sketch, by W. T. Norton, of Robert Smith, a member of Congress from Illinois, 1843–1849, and 1857–1859; the Manierre Family in Early Chicago History, by George Manierre; and a number of brief articles of local interest.

The Chicago Historical Society reports the receipt of some 3000 manuscripts known as the Law family papers, illustrating the history of Chicago from the earliest times, and the loan, with privilege of copying, of a letter-book of the American Fur Company, kept at Mackinac in 1823–1827 (see next page).

The Lakeside Press of Chicago expects shortly to issue, in its series of Lakeside Classics, the Autobiography of Black Hawk, edited by Dr. M. M. Quaife of the Wisconsin Historical Society, who has also recently edited, for publication by the Caxton Club of Chicago, a volume entitled the Development of Chicago, 1673–1914, consisting of selections from the original sources.

The *Proceedings* of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin at its sixty-third annual meeting, October 21, 1915, has come from the press. There is a frontispiece portrait of Dr. Gaillard Hunt, chief of the division of manuscripts of the Library of Congress, and an exceedingly interesting

and instructive address by him, on "The President of the United States". Other historical papers are the Settlement of the Town of Lebanon, Dodge County, by W. F. Whyte; Remains of a French Post near Trempealeau, by Eben D. Pierce, and others; Chicago's First Great Lawsuit, by Eugene E. Prussing; an article on Rock Island, by Hjalmar R. Holand; British Policy on the Canadian Frontier, 1782-1792: Mediation and an Indian Barrier State, by Orpha E. Leavitt; and Extracts from Capt. McKay's Journal, and Others, edited with introduction and notes, by M. M. Quaife. It is of interest to note the progress made by the society in copying Wisconsin materials in Washington and St. Louis. In Washington the House files have been searched through the year 1848, and some 10,000 pages of materials relating to Wisconsin have been copied. From the Indian Office have been obtained about 25,000 pages of manuscript relating to Indian affairs in Wisconsin and the contiguous region, to 1860 inclusive. A body of materials in possession of the Missouri Historical Society, principally relating to the fur-trade, has also been copied.

The same society has also published, as no. 81 of its Bulletins of Information, a pamphlet of twenty pages on the Keyes and Civil War collections of manuscripts in its library. Volume XXII. of the Collections, devoted to the journals of Sergeant John Ordway and Meriwether Lewis, is expected from the printer about the first of July, and volume XXIII., the fourth of the Draper Series, Frontier Advance on the Upper Ohio, will probably be published early in the autumn. The society also expects to publish within the next few months a bibliography of works in its library on the subject of Indian missions, prepared by Miss Martha L. Edwards, and a treatise on historical pageantry, with a select bibliography, by Miss Ethel T. Rockwell. The library has been enriched by the addition of a mass of several thousand letters and other papers, 1850-1890, from the office of the adjutant-general of Wisconsin, and by the loan of two letter-books of the American Fur Company, kept at Mackinac, 1817-1825, of which photostatic copies are being made for the society, for the Michigan Historical Commission, for the Chicago Historical Society, and for the library of the University of Illinois. account of the economic history of Wisconsin in the decade 1860-1870, prepared by Mr. Frederick Merk for the society, will soon be published. The society also plans to issue an historical atlas of Wisconsin, and to publish a documentary history of the state's constitutions and, in a series of several volumes, the executive records of the state.

Mr. William B. Mitchell, who came to Minnesota in 1857, has made an important addition to the literature of Minnesota local history by his *History of Stearns County, Minnesota* (Chicago, H. C. Cooper and Company, 1915, 2 vols., pp. 1536).

The Minnesota Historical Society has received from John R. Cummins of Minneapolis, who came to Minnesota in 1856, a series of diaries kept from 1855 to the present time.

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In the April number of the *Iowa Journal of History and Politics* Thomas Teakle writes of the Romance in Iowa History, Ruth A. Gallaher presents the second of her papers on the Indian Agent in the United States since 1850, and Hiram F. White recounts the career of Samuel R. Thurston (1816–1851) in Iowa and Oregon.

The April number of the *Missouri Historical Review* contains an extended article by C. H. McClure on Early Opposition to Thomas Hart Benton; also the first of a series of articles by David W. Eaton on How Missouri Counties, Towns, and Streams were Named. The index to historical articles in Missouri newspapers, a useful feature of the *Review*, deals in this number with newspaper issues of December, 1915.

The articles in the April number of the Southwestern Historical Quarterly are the Spanish Search for La Salle's Colony, 1685–1689, by W. E. Dunn; the first paper in an extended study of the Cattle Industry in the Southwest, by Clara M. Love; the Beginnings of the Mission of Nuestra Señora del Refugio, by Herbert E. Bolton; and the eighteenth installment of the British Correspondence concerning Texas, edited by Professor E. D. Adams.

The "source readings" (painful but now frequent expression) in Texas history which appear in the Texas History Teachers' *Bulletin* for May 15 relate to local government in Austin's colony, 1829–1831. They are drawn from the minutes of the town council of San Felipe de Austin and are contributed by Professor E. C. Barker.

Seven institutions will be prosecuting archaeological excavations and explorations in New Mexico this summer: the School of American Archaeology at Puyé, the Commercial Museum of Philadelphia at Otowi, the Andover Academy at Pecos, the George Heye Indian Museum and the Bureau of American Ethnology at Zuñi, the University of California in western New Mexico, and the American Museum of Natural History in New Mexico and Arizona. The Department of the Interior will make similar investigations in the Mesa Verde National Park.

The President of the United States, by a proclamation dated February 11, 1916, has created in New Mexico, under the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 8, 1906, the Bandelier National Monument, consisting of the ancient Pueblo ruins and other aboriginal remains lying within an area of more than 20,000 acres in the Santa Fé National Forest, and including the ancient structures at Rito de los Frijoles, the Painted Caves, the Stone Lions, and the ruins of Otowi and Sankawi. The name is given in memory of the late Adolf F. Bandelier.

To the April number of the Washington Historical Quarterly Mr. W. D. Lyman contributes "Some Observations upon the Negative Testimony and the General Spirit and Methods of Bourne and Marshall in Dealing with the Whitman Question", a sharp criticism of Marshall in

particular and of Bourne only in lesser measure. Other articles in the *Quarterly* are: a brief account, by Mrs. Mary P. Frost, of her journey to Oregon in 1854, in which many of the party were killed by the Indians; the story, by Lulu D. Crandall, of the *Colonel Wright*, a steamboat placed in service on the Columbia River in 1859; and a paper by Professor E. S. Meany, on the First American Settlement on Puget Sound. The Journal of Occurrences at Nisqually House, edited by Mr. Bagley, is continued.

In the March number of the Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society O. B. Sperlin presents an extended study of the Indian of the Northwest as revealed by the Earliest Journals. Appended to the article is a list of more than fifty journals used in the study. Harrison C. Dale discusses briefly the question whether the returning Astorians used the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, introducing a letter of Ramsay Crooks, one of the leaders of the party, written June 28, 1856, particularly in criticism of the claim of discovery put forward in behalf of John C. Frémont. A document of some interest is a Hudson's Bay Company contract (1850). The Correspondence of Rev. Ezra Fisher is continued.

The Case for the Filipino, by Maximo M. Kalaw, with an introduction by Manuel L. Quezon, delegate in Congress from the Philippines, discusses the American occupation of the islands and makes a plea for their independence (Century Company).

The Public Archives of Canada, besides continued acquisition of transcripts from London and Paris, the latter nearly completing series B of the Archives des Colonies, has obtained transcripts of a large part of the registers of the Sovereign Council at Quebec, of the papers of Sir Louis Lafontaine at Montreal, of the Masson Collection at McGill University, and of what relates to Canada in the Bancroft Collection at the University of California.

The Canadian Parliament at its last session made an appropriation for a new edition of the first volume of Messrs. Shortt and Doughty's *Documents relating to the Constitutional History of Canada, 1759–1791*, published in 1907, but now out of print.

The archives and library of the Secretaría de Hacienda in Mexico contain a mass of ecclesiastical papers seized when the government, confiscated the goods of the clergy sixty years ago. The department has begun the publication of the more important manuscripts by issuing two volumes. Volume I. is entitled *Dos Insurgentes* (Mexico, 1914, pp. 262), the two insurgents being Padre Luis G. Oronoz and Fray José M. Correa, who took part in the revolution of 1810. The second volume (pp. 269) prints a number of documents hitherto unprinted, relating to the missions of California and the Pious Fund.

The second number of the Revista de Historia Cubana y Americana, edited by Messrs. L. M. Pérez and F. Córdova (March-April), opens with instructions of Diego Columbus to Diego de Velázquez as repartidor de indios, 1522, discovered in the Archives of the Indies by Miss Irene A. Wright. The other documents presented are a letter of Azcárate to the Junta de Información, 1867, an account of the death of Peralta in 1872, by one of his companions, and a programme and letters of Gen. Máximo Gómez, 1884–1885. The third number (May-June) consists of unpublished letters of Gen. Antonio Maceo, 1877–1895, and of a diary kept by Col. Leoncio Vidal in the war of 1895–1896. All are excellently edited.

La Cultura Latino-Americana, Crónica y Bibliografía de sus Progresos is a review recently begun by the Seminary for Romance Languages and Culture in Hamburg (Cöthen, Schulze, I. 1, 1915).

We learn of the issue of a *Bibliografía Venezolanista* by Dr. Manuel S. Sanchez (Carácas, 1914), mentioned as a valuable addition to the national bibliographies.

The Ordáz and Dortal Expeditions in Search of El Dorado, as described on Sixteenth Century Maps, is a monograph of fifteen pages by Rudolf Schuller, which is published as Smithsonian Miscellaneous Collections, vol. LXVI., no. 4.

The political (as distinguished from notarial and judicial) archives of Dutch Guiana (Surinam), Curaçao, and St. Eustatius are about to be transferred to the Rijksarchief in the Hague.

European immigration into South America is the subject of P. Berne, L'Immigration Européenne en Argentine (Paris, Rivière, 1916); E. Bonardelli, Lo Stato di S. Paolo del Brazile e l'Emigrazione Italiana (Turin, Bocca, 1915, pp. 164); and E. Wagemann, Die Deutschen Kolonisten im Brasilianischen Staate Espirito Santo (Munich, Duncker and Humblot, 1915, pp. 151).

Among recent documentary publications relating to Argentine history are R. Levillier, Correspondencia de los Oficiales Reales de Hacienda del Rio de la Plata con las Reyes de España, reunida en el Archivo de Indias de Sevilla (Madrid, Rivadeneyra, 1915, vol. I., 1540–1596, pp. xv, 535), Correspondencia de la Ciudad de Buenos Aires con los Reyes de España, reunida en el Archivo de Indias de Sevilla (Buenos Aires, 1915, vol. I., 1588–1615, pp. xv, 471); and R. Levene, Comercio de Indias, Antecedentes Legales, 1713–1778 (Buenos Aires, Comp. Sud-Americana, 1915, pp. 463), published as the fifth volume of the Documentos para la Historia Argentina.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. Seler, Beobachtungen und Studien in den Ruinen von Palenque [Yucatan] (Abhandlungen der K.

Preussischen Akademie, 1915, V., pp. 128); K. E. Imberg, Studien zur Geschichte der Englischen Besteuerung in den Nordamerikanischen Kolonien im 17. und 18. Jahrhundert (Vierteljahrschrift für Sozial- und Wirtschaftsgeschichte, XIII. 3); M. Marion, De la Participation Financière de la France à la Guerre de l'Indépendance Américaine (Revue du Dix-Huitième Siècle, January); C. S. Blue, John Henry the Spy (Canadian Magazine, May); R. B. Merriman, The Monroe Doctrine: its Past and Present Status (Political Quarterly, [London], March); Gamaliel Bradford, Charles Sumner (Yale Review, April); Major Thomas Rowland, C. S. A., Letters of a Virginia Cadet at West Point, 1859-1861, cont. (South Atlantic Quarterly, April); O. G. Villard, The Submarine and the Torpedo in the Blockade of the Confederacy (Harper's Monthly, June); E. W. Knight, Reconstruction and Education in Virginia, cont. (South Atlantic Quarterly, April); G. M. Dutcher, National Safety of the United States, Past and Future (ibid.); S. K. Hornbeck, La Politique des États-Unis en Extrême-Orient (Revue Politique Internationale, January); D. C. Johnson, Courts in the Philippines, Old and New (Michigan Law Review, February); Pierre-Georges Roy, Un Conseil de Guerre à Montréal (1757) (Revue Canadienne, March); A. W. H. Eaton, Chapters in the History of Halifax, Nova Scotia, V. (Americana, January); J. Hector La Pointe, Le Projet d'Union de 1822 (Revue Canadienne, April); M. Boucher de la Bruère, Sir Hippolyte La Fontaine: son Rôle et son Action au Milieu de la Tourmente de 1837-1838 (ibid.); Irene A. Wright, Los Orígenes de la Industria Azucarera en Cuba (La Reforma Social, [New York], April); E. Giberga, Las Ideas Políticas en Cuba durante el Siglo XIX. (Cuba Contemporánea, April); A. Zayas, Un Capítulo de la Historia General de Cuba, 1867-1868 (ibid., May).